THE MARION DAILY STAR.

XIV. NO. 70 MARION, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1891 PRICE 3 CENTS

ANIMALS.

Made to the Agricultural Department.

NUMBER AND VALUE.

Change Made During the Past of the Cotton Crop as to the Same Department. News from Washington.

, Feb. 11.—The estimates values of farm animals, of each year and re ary to the department have been consolidated. to have been little change except on the Pacific coast certain portions of the Rocky where the winter of 1889– unusually severe. Losses were heavy on the Pacific slope.

number of horses on farms, as re is 14,055,750. Average price of a decline from last year of The number of mules is 2,965, an average value of $77.88, from last year of thirty-seven The number of milk cows is an increase of 46,768 from ear. The average value per head which is less by fifty-two cents last year's average. There is a to increase of dairying in the and especially in the mountain which offers inducements of lands and abundant grasses.

cattle aggregate 35,875,648, in those on ranches. The highest is $26.61 in Connecticut; the low in Arkansas. In Texas,

estimated numbers of sheep are the average value $2.51, or of twenty-four cents, or than 10 per cent. All other kinds animals have declined slightly A tendency to increase of seen in most of the states. the heavy losses from the severe last year on the Pacific slope decreased the aggregate.

aggregate of numbers of swine is showing a decline of nearly The average value is $4.15, of fifty-seven cents per head. scarcity of corn caused a slaughter in poor condition, tending the market and reduce the price rarily.

Condition of the Cotton Crop.

, Feb. 11.—The cotton of the department of agricul ary report the estimated compared with last year, the sent from plantations, and yield The plants were pro opening so rapidly in the as to tax the capacity of the cotton exposed to which was unusually There is consequently a general coloration, and to some of the fibre. From the unusual amount of trash with the cotton that was

of the county esti by reporters, makes of the product of last year. are as follows: North which had a very small crop South Carolina, 106; Florida, 97; Alabama, 104; 103; Louisiana, 95; Texas, 112; Tennessee, 110.

claim that there organized effort to hold delivery of the crop in the better prices, others report its to get the benefit of rates of the opening season. that these causes were the one early in the other later, counteracting movement. The proportions are thus reported: Carolina, 86 per cent.; South Georgia, 85; Florida, 10; Mississippi, 86; Louisiana, Arkansas, 80; Tennessee, general average 87.

proportion of lint to seed is re to 33 per cent., the better in the Atlantic coast states, and Texas.

Signal Office Weather Bulletin.

, Feb. 11.—The signal furnishes the following special bul the press:

weather report from southwest New Mexico and southwest show that the morning of and 10th were the coldest ever over these sections at this season year.

are some minimum temper with their relation to the lowest recorded during the first de February, viz: Montrose, Col., 16 degrees below; Santa Fe, 3 degrees below; Fort Grant, 5 degrees below; El Paso, 2 degrees below; Fort 6 degrees, 7 degrees below; San degrees, 1 degree above: 34 degrees, 1 degree

temperature this morning is 20 below the normal over the of eastern Texas.

Proceedings of Congress.

, Feb. 11.—The senate bill to establish the customs with Nashville as and the bill to revise of certain employes in the printing office. The naval bill was taken up, and the to the Hawaiian cable agreed to, but the disposed of.

passed the Dallas, Tex., over the president's veto. of the session was given of the legislative appro

Senator Hearst Better.

, Feb. 11.—Senator Hearst comfortable night, and is considerably better than he erday.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Various Items Picked Up Over the Ocean.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—A dispatch from Bucharest says that the Roumanian authorities are pushing forward rapidly the defense of the capital. Of the eighteen detached forts which are to defend Bucharest, ten will be ready and armed with their Krupp guns before the summer, and the remaining eight are to be completed early in 1892. The entire Roumanian army of 100,000 men, could be concentrated within the forts. King Charles is giving personal attention to the work.

A Princess Ill.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Princess Alexandrine, grandaunt to the emperor, and grandmother of the Grand Duke of Mecklenberg-Scherwin, is again reported ill. The princess celebrated her 80th birthday this month. She is a remarkable old lady, resembling her brother, the late Emperor William First in the vigor of her intellect. She retains a lively recollection of the era of Prussia's abasement at the feet of France, and has never been able to overcome her prejudice against the French.

Strike Growing Critical.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The strike situation on the Albert dock is becoming critical. The striking laborers are only restrained from overt acts by the presence of a formidable body of police. Work on the steamer Lydian Monarch and Sorrento has ceased, and the companies charge the laborers and stevedores who had been engaged on the vessels with having broken faith with their employers.

A Rebuke From the Czar.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Telegraph expresses the opinion that the action of the czar in returning, through the Russian ambassador at London, the Guild hall memorial interceding for the Jews of Russia, constitutes the severest rebuff ever received by a lord mayor of London, and one of the painful effects of which will be forcibly reflected upon Englishmen generally.

War Approaching.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—A Vienna dispatch quotes Gen. Mano, chief of the Roumanian cabinet, as expressing an opinion that war could not longer be delayed in Europe, and small states like Roumania must not be found unprepared. Gen. Mano was entertained at dinner by the Austrian emperor.

Money for War Purposes.

BERLIN, Feb. 11.—It is announced that 450,000,000 marks already sanctioned by the imperial parliament for military and other purposes, will be issued by the government on Feb. 17, at about 84½.

Glass-Workers to Strike.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—A great strike of the glass-workers of Lyons and the vicinity is impending. A desire for an increase of wages is the cause of the agitation.

Cardiff Dockers' Troubles.

CARDIFF, Feb. 11.—The dock laborers' strike grows in bitterness although free labor is plentiful.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

Fate of a Ranchman and a School Teacher in South Dakota.

RAPID CITY, S. Dak., Feb. 11.—Grant Bay, a young ranchman, started out in the blizzard on Saturday afternoon to drive Miss Gray, a school teacher on Box Elder Divide, from the school to her boarding house, a distance of seventeen miles. Yesterday morning they were found by some ranchers, frozen to death in a standing posture, clinging to a wire fence, a few miles north of the city.

Reports were circulated yesterday that fifteen of the Indians bound from Pine Ridge to Fort Keogh perished Saturday night on Spring creek. The reports are not confirmed.

Two Boys Frozen to Death.

WINONA, Minn., Feb. 11.—Two boys, aged 10 and 12, sons of a German farmer named August Ford, were found dead last evening two miles northwest of Utica. They got caught in the blizzard.

Terrific Boiler Explosion.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—Special to The Post-Dispatch from Little Rock, Ark., says: The boiler in Pettefer Brothers' planing mill on Cumberland street, exploded with terrific force about 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The boiler house was completely wrecked, the neighborhood receiving a shower of bricks that broke hundreds of panes of of glass. Several bricks were hurled through the windows of The Evening Democrat office, two blocks distance. Portions of the boiler were thrown a distance of five blocks. No one was injured by the accident, but the damage to the building will amount to $10,000.

Chimney Falls on School Children.

MAHONOY CITY, Pa., Feb. 11.—Yesterday morning, while the school children of the New Boston school house, located near the New Boston breaker, which was burned down Monday night, were congregated around the ruins, the chimney toppled over, falling upon and instantly killing Maggie Boyce and injuring, perhaps fatally, Tillie Cragg, and internally injuring John Young. The children's ages ranged from 10 to 12 years.

Built a Fire With Money.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—James Gaffney, living with his family at No. 7301 South Broadway, is an industrious Irishman, and has saved considerable money. He had about $2,000 which he placed in a small wooden box and concealed in an unused parlor stove. Last Sunday afternoon he started a fire in the stove. In a few minutes his wife thought of the money and a frantic struggle began to rescue it from the fire. About $800 was entirely destroyed and the balance badly mutilated.

"EIGHT HOURS."

This is the Motto of the United Mine Workers.

FIRST ANNUAL CONVENTION.

A Labor Gathering at Columbus, O., of Great National Interest, as it Involves Thousands of Workmen Backed by Millions of Capital.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 11.—High above the stage of the City hall, in evergreen letters a foot long, hangs the motto "Eight hours only, per day." Elsewhere upon the walls of the spacious room are other mottoes, having a similar import. They express the sentiment, and indicate the future demands of the United Mine Workers of America, whose first annual convention began here yesterday.

The American Federation it is known has selected the giant miners' organization to make the next great National struggle for eight hours. Thousands of workmen, with an almost perfect organization, and backed by millions of dollars, will be engaged in the battle against aggregated capital. At this Mine Workers' annual convention, it is expected that much of the preliminary detail of the impending battle will be arranged. For this reason the session is attracting National interest from other than the mining interests.

Besides the general officers of the Mine workers, many distinguished labor leaders are present, among whom are Hon. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; A. W. Wright, member of the general executive board, Knights of Labor, and editor of The Knights of Labor Journal; Hugh J. Cavanaugh, general worthy foreman, Knights of Labor, and Hon. John McBride, Ohio state commissioner of labor statistics.

At the morning session committees on credentials and on rule having been appointed, a committee was sent to escort President Gompers and the other distinguished gentlemen to the hall. When they appeared upon the stage a dramatic scene ensued. President John B. Rae, of the United Mine Workers, stepped forward to the front of the platform, holding in his own, the hands of Mr. Gompers, of the American Federation, and Mr. Wright, of the Knights of Labor. The resonant cheers, which a moment before had beat against the extended roof of the vast hall, were for a moment hushed into stillness profound. Said President Rae, in tones of triumph and exultation: "These clasped hands are indicative of the true spirit of fraternity of feeling which joins and cements the interests of these three giant labor organizations."

Then again great volumes of pandemonic sound broke the stillness.

President Gompers then addressed the convention, his remarks treating principally of the eight-hour movement. He said, substantially: "I think the very happy incident just given by your president indicates the feeling between the labor organizations of our country. I think it would be apropos to speak of the eight-hour movement. The American Federation of Labor decided that there shall be a successive movement of National trades for the establishment of the eight-hour work day. We believe, or rather the history of the labor organizations illustrates, that a reduction in the hours of labor has been invariably followed by an increase in wages; also a betterment of the condition of the wage workers. It gives them that most important factor in life—time; time that commences with our first rest and ends only when we die; time to cultivate our minds, our bodies; time to devote to our families; to raise our children as they should be raised; to promote the fraternal feeling among men.

SAMUEL GOMPERS.

"There is no one question so far reaching that promises so great results and to accomplish our emancipation as to reduce the hours of labor. May 1, 1890, witnessed and passed over a bloodless revolution. The carpenters selected by the American Federation of Labor not only reduced the hours of labor, but thousands of others reduced their hours of labor. While there were quite a large number who did not succeed, they came out of the contest with flying colors numerically, financially and in every way better than when they entered.

"Movements of labor for reform are rewarded by an amount of success in the same degree that there is a spirit of valor on the one hand, a spirit of aggressiveness on the other. No faint-heartedness in the labor movement ought to be tolerated. We must go at it determinedly and not take a step backward. I recognize the representative character of this convention and its power to do good work. You not only are required to carry out the instructions of previous conventions of miners, but come fresh from your constituents, knowing their wants and feelings, and you are in a position to legislate positively their wishes. You also have the wishes of other trades to carry out that you insist on the enforcement of the eight-hour day. [Applause.] May 1, 1891, must witness the inauguration for the miners of the country of an eight-hour work day.

"You will meet in conference in a few months with the operators. Let them understand that the United Mine Workers are a unit on at least one question; that is, eight hours; that you are standing as a solid phalanx from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from gulf to gulf, for an eight hour work day. There must be perfect accord and oneness with us. All through the working forces of the country there is a pulse beat, a common impulse for the success of this movement. The impetus obtained by the miners this year, will give heart to others with an idea that a strike will not be necessary in the other trades to secure eight hours. I hope they will show the good sense to concede the eight hours."

At the afternoon session there was a lengthy and animated contest as to the credentials of John Costello and Charles McDonald, of Pittsburg. Both were finally admitted upon the final understanding that they would pay certain dues which had formed the bone of contention leading to the contest.

ENGINEERS INJURED.

Serious Wreck on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Road.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—A special from Maynard, Iowa, gives the following particulars of an accident on the Decorah division of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern railroad. The train carried an unusually large number of passengers. When the train was about midway between Maynard and Randolph, descending an incline at a high speed a rail broke and the whole train was thrown down an embankment of fourteen feet and was dragged along the steep incline for one hundred yards before breaking away from the engine, which remained on the track.

Fire at once broke out in the mail car, and the entire train was burned. Nineteen passengers were injured, ten seriously. All the mail, including a large number of registered letters, was destroyed. A traveling salesman saved $50,000 worth of jewelry, crawling into a baggage car and securing it.

Clerk Wilson escaped through a window, but Express Messenger Smith was stunned and rescued with difficulty after the car was enveloped in flames.

The injured in the passenger coaches are as follows:

W. T. Hanlon, of Waden, Iowa, hurt in the back.

L. Price, of Cedar Rapids, internally.

Mrs. S. A. Goodrich, of Maynard, internally.

Conductor F. M. Smith, Brakeman F. M. Williams, Express Messenger W. E. Smith, Postal Clerk J. H. Wilson, S. C. Goodnow, of Maynard, all supposed to be fatally injured.

Among the less seriously hurt are: T. Harris Butler, of West Union, Iowa; J. C. Elgin and H. C. Spaulding, of Waterloo, Iowa; U. H. Simpson, of Brownsdale, Iowa; Ella Frisby, of Anamosa, Iowa; Mrs. Carrie Gould, of Maynard; Mrs. I. H. Griffin, of West Union; F. D. Merritt, of West Union; Clarence Powell, of Decorah; Mrs. G. A. Miller, of Elgin, and John Holmquist, of Cedar Rapids.

COLLISION IN GROVELAND.

Two People Killed and Several Others Seriously Injured.

GROVELAND, N. Y., Feb. 11.—The Lackawanna train leaving Buffalo at 7:20 o'clock last night met with a serious accident at this station. The accident took place at about 9:30 p. m. and was caused by the collision of express train No. with wildcat engine No. .

The train was going at a high rate of speed, when it collided with the engine just as the latter was moving off from the main track to a switch. The express engine was thrown to the east side of the track and completely turned over, its tender was on the other side; the wild cat engine likewise was demolished, and was on the west side of the track. The passengers all received a severe shaking up.

The engineer of the express train, James Lovers, was badly crushed and was removed from the wreck in a dying condition. His fireman, name unknown, was fatally injured

James Lower, nephew of the engineer, who was employed on the wild cat engine was injured internally and died within half an hour. The fireman of the wild cat engine, Albert Englehart, was also killed. The engineer was also badly hurt, but will probably recover.

THE MINERS' STRIKE.

But One Mine Running in the Connellsville Region.

SCOTTDALE, Feb. 11.—The strike of 15,000 miners and cokers in this region was commenced last night and reveals every sign of a bitter fight. The employes of W. J. Rainey are the only men who have as yet refused to strike, and their lives are in danger if they do not come out after a reasonable length of time. Rainey's four plants are guarded by fifty Pinkerton detectives and a number of deputy sheriffs.

The strikers are stirred up to a fever heat and a bitter struggle is anticipated. The foreign element is fired up and a repetition of their former depredations are feared.

The effects of the strike are already being felt. About 150 employes of the Southwest railroad will be thrown out of work. The employes of the Baltimore and Ohio will be likewise affected.

Will Senator Brice Buy the Monon?

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Feb. 11.—Calvin S. Brice, president of the Lake Erie and Western railroad, Columbus E. Cummings, of New York, General Manager Bradbury, of the Lake Erie and Western, and President Breyfogle and General Manager Black, of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad, were in the city yesterday. The presence of Mr. Brice was supposed to have something to do with the rumored purchase of the Monon road by the Lake Erie. In an interview Mr. Brice denied the report that he was about to purchase the "Monon."

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 11.—A passenger about 55 years old was blown or fell from a West Shore train near Jordan, N. Y., yesterday afternoon and died soon after. A card with the name of Louis Weinman was on his person and it is believed he came from San Francisco.

OHIO LEGISLATURE.

The Day's Transactions of the Senate and House.

A NUMBER OF BILLS PASSED.

Most of the Measures Were of a Local Nature, Except Mr. Geyer's Bill Relating to Canal Lands—Bills Introduced—Other Ohio State News.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 11.—There were many bills introduced in the house and many on the calendar passed, but most were local. Mr. Geyer's bill restoring to Paulding county all the lands vacated by the canal, was passed after a heated discussion. The measure was fought by Representatives Beard and Dresback, who argued that the bill was setting a precedent. That there were a half dozen counties along the Wabash and Erie canal, between Defiance and Toledo, in which the state claimed the title to property, and that these several counties would follow with a like demand that it would be made over to them.

Mr. Taylor, of Champaign county, offered an amendment which was accepted by Mr. Geyer providing that the canal lands be sold to the county at a price to be agreed upon by the state board of public works and the county commissoners.

Mr. Counts, of Shelby county, introduced in the house two bills to regulate the relations between municipalities and natural gas, manufactured gas or electric light companies. One of the bills provides that the council may regulate the size of, and price to be charged for the use of all meters where gas is used for fuel. It also empowers council to make such reasonable rules as will properly regulate the conduct of business.

The other bill by Mr. Counts is to prevent any member of a city council from being connected with a natural gas, manufactured gas, fuel or electric light company, supplying the municipality with their products.

Representative Messer's sanitary measure, of interest to stock owners as understood by the agricultural convention, passed the house. It compels the owners of stock dying from any contagious disease to bury same four feet under ground.

Senator Soncrant introduced a bill to take the place of the Rawlings bill. It provides that at the same time of listing personal property for taxation the manufacturer shall return all his personal possessions, including raw material and manufactured goods, and shall attest on oath or affirmation.

In this connection it is worthy of note that Congressman-elect Harter has written a letter urging the passage of Senator Alexander's bill, which repeals that section upon which both the Rawlings and Soncrant bills are based.

A Legal Point.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 11.—There has been considerable talk as to whether Senator Thompson, successor of the late Senator Robertson, could decline his seat, and whether the proclamation of Governor Campbell for a special election in the Twelfth district, on Feb. 19, is legal. Governor Campbell holds that Mr. Thompson is not a member of the senate, and could not be declared such without presenting himself for qualification before the proper officials of that body. The governor cites Section 25, of the revised statutes in support of his opinion, and thinks his proclamation is legal.

Typhoid Epidemic.

CANTON, O., Feb. 11.—There is an epidemic of typhoid fever in Wayne township, Carroll county, and a score of cases are reported. Two deaths have occurred in the family of Minas Williams within a week, and four other members of the family are at the point of death. Another family, named Watson, is afflicted sadly, one child has died, another is quite ill and the father and mother are both bedfast. There are too many cases for the local doctors to treat properly and physicians from Carrollton and Malvern have been sent to their assistance.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 11.—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state yesterday: The National Iron and Wire company, Cleveland, $10,000; the Garfield Creamery company, Garfield station, Mahoning county, $5,000; Cincinnati Edison Electric company, $1,000,000; the Smith Brothers Hardware company, Columbus, $50,000; Mt. Sterling Fair company, Mt. Sterling, $10,000.

Young Couple Elope.

CANTON, O., Feb. 11.—V. C. Wheeler and Miss Mary Stephen, clerks in Dumont's grocery, left the city Sunday. Miss Stephen wrote a letter to her mother saying she had been married by a Catholic priest and would be one hundred miles away by the time it was read. Their whereabouts are not known.

Whirled by a Belt.

WAPAKONETA, O., Feb. 11.—Willie Witle, aged 14, while attempting to shove off a belt with his foot at the spoke and wheel factory, got caught in the wheel and twisted around many times. When found he was terribly lacerated. He cannot live.

A Vacancy Filled.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 11.—The governor has appointed Robert E. Hamblin, of Meigs county, to be trustee of the Ohio university at Athens, vice Robert Wright, of Hocking, resigned.

Crushed by Car Bumpers.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Feb. 11.—Yesterday Andrew Gamble, an employe of the Riverside furnace company, was caught between car bumpers and fatally crushed.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SENATORIAL FIGHTS.

The Deadlocks Unbroken in Illinois and South Dakota.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 11.—The sixty-sixth senatorial ballot yesterday resulted: Palmer 101, Oglesby 100, John P. Stelle 3. Streeter is out of the race. Stelle is an ex-Republican member of the lower house and a farmer. The sixty-seventh ballot resulted the same as the sixty-sixth.

The sixty-eighth, sixty-ninth, seventieth, seventy-first, seventy-second and seventy-third ballots resulted in no change. The joint assembly then adjourned, the Farmers' Mutual Benefit association members voting with the Republicans.

In South Dakota.

PIERRE, S. Dak., Feb. 11.—Balloting for United States senator yesterday resulted as follows, 145 votes being cast: Campbell, Independent, 45; Tripp, Democrat, 25; Moody, 17; Melville, 27; Mellette, 12. The assembly then dissolved.

Answer from the Standard Oil Company.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 11.—The Standard Oil company yesterday filed their answer to the petition of the attorney general in the supreme court to foist the company from its charter. They say the company did not enter the trust in an incorporated capacity, but that many individuals of the same were interested in other companies, and it was these interests which were consolidated and became parties to the trust. If this should not hold good, they claim, as a second defense, that the state is barred by the five-year limit, the company having been a part of the trust more than this length of time.

James Redpath Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—James Redpath, the famous Irish Nationalist, journalist and lecturer, and vice president of the Anti-Poverty society, who was run down by a Fourth avenue horse car opposite the postoffice one day last week, died Tuesday morning at St. Luke's hospital from the effect of his injuries. Mr. Redpath was born in Berwick-on-Tweed, Scotland, in 1833, and came to this country with his parents in 1848.

Slavin Wants to Fight Sullivan.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—A cable dispatch was received from London at The Police Gazette office yesterday, which stated that the Ormonde club had decided to offer a purse of $2,000 for a twelve round glove contest between Frank P. Slavin and John L. Sullivan. The dispatch also stated that Slavin had signified his willingness to battle for the purse. Sullivan has been notified from here of the Ormonde club's offer.

To Suppress Bucket Shops.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 11.—The house yesterday passed Representative Beasley's bill to suppress bucket shops. It provides heavy penalties, including imprisonment for running a bucket shop, and at all cases a fine of from $10 to $1,000 for renting property to be so used. It is the most stringent law of the kind ever passed in the state, and was approved by the house by an almost unanimous vote.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE.

Items of Interest Put in Convenient Form for Readers.

The official count of the census of Indiana puts the population at 2,192,404.

Senator-elect Brice denies the story that he intends to resign his seat in the senate.

The chamber of commerce of Atlanta, Ga., has unanimously indorsed Secretary Blaine's reciprocity with Brazil.

James Rose has been convicted at Lancaster, Ky., of the killing of Andy Bird and sentenced to life imprisonment.

Banks Dalton, of Murray, Ky., aged 60, stabbed to death John Mooney, aged 18, after the boy had knocked him down.

The Alabama legislature passed a redistricting bill that makes Democratic the only Republican congressional district in the state.

The wholesale notion store of Joseph A. Brigel & Company, Cincinnati, was entered by burglars, who stole $3,000 worth of silks and satins.

James H. Davis, a farmer near Lebanon, Ind., eloped with Mrs. Bramidett, a neighbor. He leaves a wife and six children, she four children. He was a member of the New Light church.

Archbishop Kendrick, of the St. Louis diocese, has issued a dispensation for Lent that permits the eating of flesh meats on Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays and on Saturdays, except that following the first Sundays of Lent and Holy Saturday.

It is reported that the czar was so exasperated by the London Guild Hall memorial against oppression of the Jews that he returned it without comment, and that secret orders have been issued for more stringent measures against these unfortunate people.

Capt. J. O. Greenwood, living near Napa, Cal., was dragged and bound by robbers, who afterward murdered his wife and robbed the house. Greenwood, recovering consciousness and loosing his bonds, offered resistance and was shot and almost fatally wounded.

Fair weather; variable winds; warmer.

Narrow Escape from a Burning Building.

KEOKUK, Iowa, Feb. 11.—The extensive plant of the Tri-State Can company, near this city, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $60,000. About 170 men, women, boys and girls were employed by the company, and it was with the greatest difficulty that many of them were got out of the burning building. Nearly all suffered the loss of clothing and tools.

Will Be Open Next Spring.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Feb. 11.—Mr. Cowlson, of Kingfisher, has just returned from a visit to Washington. He reports that he heard directly from President Harrison that the Cherokee outlet would be thrown open for settlement in the spring. Col. A. A. Newman, of this city, is in receipt of news to the same effect.

Pete Jackson in Training.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Peter Jackson, the colored pugilist, is in San Francisco training for the fight with Corbett and has been here several weeks. There is no truth in the purported interview with Jackson sent from Vandalia, Ill., saying that he was tired of prize fighting and intended to quit it.

Gambling Rooms Closed.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 11.—Yesterday, for the first time in four years, every gambling room in the city was closed, and there is no faro or anything of that sort in progress. The houses were not raided. They were simply ordered by Sheriff McCall to close up, and every one obeyed the order.

General Sherman Sick.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Gen. W. T. Sherman is ill. Two days ago he caught a heavy cold, and Monday was confined to his bed, and his physicians reported symptoms of erysipelas. He is under the care of Drs. Alexander and Janeway, and they take a hopeful view of their patient's case, and say there is no immediate danger.

Walter M. Leman, a veteran actor, who had played before Gen. Jackson, Davy Crockett, Aaron Burr, Charles Dickens and other celebrities, some of whom he knew personally, has just died at San Francisco at the age of 78 years.

Apropos of the amusing baby bunco game by which a number of leading United States senators were fleeced, it is said that over five hundred real or alleged infants have been named after Chauncey Mitchell Depew.

A 14-year-old cat belonging to Mrs. Bradley, of Westport, Conn., recently died. It was given an expensive funeral. The remains were placed in a handsome casket, and a granite slab is to be erected over his grave.

King Kalakaua's most intimate friend in this country was Claus Spreckels, the big sugar refiner, whose advice the king always asked for and usually followed in emergencies.

If Your House is on Fire

You put water on the burning timbers, not on the smoke. And if you have catarrh you should attack the disease in the blood, not in your nose. Remove the impure cause, and the local effect subsides. To do this, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, which radically and permanently cures catarrh. It also strengthens the nerves. Be sure and get only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE:

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with flatulency and water-brash; indigestion; bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fullness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

—AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaints,
Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,
Constipation, Biliousness,
Kidney Affections, Jaundice,
Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid instead of weakening the digestive and assimilative powers of the system."
L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Marion Daily Star.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday
—BY—
W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:
Delivered by Carrier,....10 Cts. per We[illegible]
By Mail,.........$4 per Year, in Ad[illegible]

WEDNESDAY, - FEBRUARY [illegible]

SENATOR QUAY furnishes an example of the value of silence. When he does talk he always commands the attention of the readers.

THE Secretary of War estimates the cost of the late Indian trouble to the government to be $2,000,000. The ghost dance is evidently an expensive luxury.

A NEWS item says that there are several manufactories of bogus lymph in the United States. Dr. Koch, the eminent specialist, was the cause of this, but he is not responsible for the many bogus limps that have been used for pension purposes.

AMONG the many good things Mansfield enjoys is the Daily News of that city. The News has been established but seven years, but was busy this week moving into new quarters of its own. Besides establishing a reputation as a valuable newspaper, the News has apparently gone merrily along and accumulated a little wealth.

THE ordinance passed at the last meeting of the city council regulating transient dealers, has resulted in much discussion and some misunderstanding. The object of the ordinance was to shut out bankrupt stocks, with no intention of excluding farm products, etc. that could not be done if desired. There is nothing in the ordinance to make political capital out of.

IN speaking of the passage of Sullivan through this city, the Delaware Gazette says: "It was a great day for Marion and will be the occasion for gossip for weeks to come." Thus does jealousy magnify the truth. Of course Sullivan in Delaware would receive not a passing glance, but when a timid country girl was mortified on the streets of that place by finding that her skirts were coming off, it took strategy to avoid the cruel gazes of a crowd that surrounded her. When it comes to taste, Delaware is cultivated.

THEY FOUND MORE PROPERTY.

The Heirs of William Barnthouse, Deceased, Find Themselves Owners of 280 Acres of Land of Which They Were Not Aware.

[Upper Sandusky Chief.]

Ex-Commissioner James Barnthouse and his brothers and sisters have recently discovered that they are heirs and owners of 120 acres of land in Dallas county, Iowa, also 160 acres of land in Henry county, this state, part of which lays in the corporate limits of Deshler. The land in question belonged to their father, the late William Barnthouse, who died in Marion county in January, 1857. At the death of the father their mother became administratrix of the estate, and it appears that her adviser in the settlement of the estate had overlooked the disposition of the Iowa land, and it still appears in William Barnthouse's name. Nothing was known about the Henry county land until last December when the Barnthouse heirs were served with papers in a suit to quiet title to certain lands there. They then sent W. R. Hare, of this city, to Deshler to look the matter up and to make an abstract of title. Mr. Hare traced the title from the government to William Barnthouse but here there is a break. The records of Henry county show that in 1856 Moses B. Layton gave a warranty deed on the premises described, to a man named McFarland, and from that the title is traced to the present possessors. It appears that a syndicate recently purchased eighty acres of the land and sold it out in parcels, but in their efforts to give quit-claim deeds the break in the title was discovered. The records of Henry county show that the Barnthouse heirs are the owners. The land is valued at from $40 to $50 per acre. The heirs to these lands are James Barnthouse, Cristopher Barnthouse, and Mrs. Amanda Egger, of this county, S. F. and Jacob Barnthouse, of Marion county, Mrs. E. J. Mathews, of Clay county, Mo., William Barnthouse, of Garden Grove, Iowa, Mrs. Eliza Halterman, of Bement, Ill., Mrs. Caroline Preston, of Montecello, Ill., the two children of Mrs. Matilda McClain, deceased, and the two children of Francis Barnthouse, who mysteriously disappeared about nineteen years ago, and of whose whereabouts nothing was ever learned. This is a rich discovery and the heirs will take steps soon to reclaim the property, which, in the aggregate, amounts to considerable.

IT WAS ALL IN FUN

A Mock Marriage Contract That Nearly Resulted in Trouble—How a B. R. L. Man Puts His Foot in It, But Escapes.

About a year ago or perhaps longer, but it makes no difference as to exact time, a charming young lady came to this city to visit friends. Her advent of course was followed by acquaintances several, and enjoyable [illegible] them in general were a few young society gentlemen, and one in particular who is a leader in the ranks, a very pleasant gentleman. [illegible] young man was a member of the B. R. L., interpreted meaning the Brotherhood of Rejected Lovers, and he was one of the most eligible young man in that society. [illegible] the young lady and the B. R. L. [illegible] Where they met is [illegible] whether it was on a railroad [illegible] or somewhere else. [illegible] and there were present others [illegible] company was a jolly and [illegible] alone, and the subject of marriage came up. The aforesaid couple—the B. R. L. man and the visiting lady—in a jolly mood proposed and agreed to get married. A contract was drawn up, and signed by witnesses present. That was jolly enough. In time the young lady returned home, and then followed correspondence between the "contracting parties." This was also jolly.

The next chapter in this romantic bit of amusement brought about the breaking of correspondence. The young lady, so the story goes, followed that conventional and extremely satisfactory notion and returned the young man's letters, and asked for her own. This he did not do, however, and there was cause for dissatisfaction on the part of the lady. Letters again followed, but they exhibited the vexed spirit of the writer, and between the lines intimated something of a revengeful spirit.

The next and last chapter of the story has to do with a satisfactory denouement. Monday the young lady arrived in the city for a settlement. She at once retained an attorney, and proceeded to institute a suit for breach of promise. The mock marriage contract was brought with her, and it promised to serve as convincing evidence of the promises of the young man.

A whole day was spent in adjusting the matter, but it was finally completed. We are not at liberty to give the terms, but they were satisfactory, and the heroine returned again to Chicago, becoming somewhat victorious in the affair.

Chicago's Nervy Thieves.

The Chicago hotel clerk is a man of nerve. The other day, when an Illinois politician was sitting on his overcoat in one of the plush covered chairs at the Grand Pacific discussing the senatorial outlook with an acquaintance, the polite thief stepped up to the guest, and tapping him gently on the shoulder said, "You are sitting on my overcoat, sir." Oh, I beg your pardon," replied the guest as he lifted himself from his garment, and, continuing his discussion, let the fellow walk off with a $50 ulster. The guest told his experience to Mr. Sam Parker, who extended this consolation: "Oh, that's nothing. You go back to the same chair, and the thief will come back and steal your shoes."

Monday the thief of nerve entered the writing room of the Palmer house. A man was sitting at the desk busily engaged in writing. His new silk hat was on the table not two inches from his elbow. The thief wore a black Derby, without lining or sweatband. When he departed he wore the guest's eight dollar silk, leaving the worn out Derby behind. But the man of nerve was not satisfied with that. He paid a Palmer house messenger boy twenty five cents to carry this note to his victim, "Oh, where did you get that hat?" This was the first intimation the guest had of his loss. Not long ago a guest was taking a nap in one of the easy chairs in the rotunda of the Tremont house. The thief stepped up to him, removed his new hat from his head, and left an old slouch in its place.—Chicago Tribune.

An Abomination.

Our esteemed contemporary falls into a vulgar error when it says that the young lady who is to wed the Rev. Thomas G. Milsted is to become that worthy gentleman's helpmeet. We object to the word "helpmeet." The only excuse for its use is its usage by and among ignorant people.

When God saw that it was not good for man to be alone he said, "I will make him an help meet for him." These words, recurring in holy writ, have been confounded by the careless and the unthinking, and the result is that abomination "helpmeet."

Christ bade the Pharisees and Sadducees "bring forth fruits meet for repentance." If we are to have helpmeet, why should we not also have fruitsmeet?

The confusion of ideas induced by the juxtaposition of certain words is felicitously illustrated by the old story of the pastor who, rising in his pulpit, said: "Brethren, I take for my text today a part of the fifteenth verse of the thirteenth chapter of the gospel according to St. Mark, 'Topknot, go down!'"—Chicago News.

Height of Cruelty.

Nervous women seldom receive the sympathy they deserve. While often the pictures of health, they are constantly ailing. To withhold sympathy from these unfortunates is the height of cruelty. They have a weak heart, causing shortness of breath, fluttering, pain in side, weak and hungry spells, and finally swelling of ankles, oppression, choking, smothering and dropsy. Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is just the thing for them. For their nervousness, headache, weakness, etc., his Restorative Nervine is unequaled. Fine treatise on "Heart and Nervous Diseases" and marvelous testimonials free. Sold and guaranteed by Denison & Co. and Hoberman & Co.

The Late Capt. Wallace.

A Pittsburg friend of the late Capt. George Wallace, of the Seventh cavalry, thus describes that officer: "He was a magnificent man in every sense of the word. He was 6 feet 3 inches tall, and of athletic build. He will long be remembered in the Seventh as a most fearless rider and crack shot as well as a charming companion. That Capt. Wallace [illegible] is shown by the [illegible] from the seat of war.

"There were [illegible] and lying around him where he [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] as could with our scattering guns."

SOME VALENTINE TALK.

TENDER MISSIVES RECEIVED AND SENT BY PUBLIC MEN.

Our Correspondent Interviews Messrs. Cleveland, Depew, Ingersoll, Sage, Gould, D. O. Mills and McAllister—Not All Have Had Valentine Experiences.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—In all the carefully written biographies of the famous men of history no mention is ever made of their first valentines. That most of them undoubtedly did send or receive at least one of these sentimental missives is at least a reasonable supposition, but after a somewhat extended search through the published lives of nearly all the great men who have gone, I have been unable to find a single allusion to any valentine experience. Now any young lady who has a spark of romance in her soul will agree that this is a most unfortunate omission, and that the St. Valentine's Day experiences of the great men of today might not be similarly lost to posterity I recently called on all the famous men I could reach, in order that I might record the story of their first valentines for the benefit of future historians.

Ex-President Cleveland was the first on the list that I had prepared. Mr. Cleveland was deep in the intricacies of some law case when I called, but he interrupted his labors without a moment's hesitation to receive me. The results of my inquiries were not, however, as fruitful as might have been hoped.

"My first valentine?" said the ex-president, repeating my question, while a smile spread over his features. "That's a queer sort of a question, and I guess you will have to go to some younger man for valentine experiences. It's a great many years now since I sent a valentine, if I ever sent any at all, and I've forgotten all about them. You must remember that I am 54 years old, and since the period when most men's valentine days are naturally supposed to come I've had more or less to think of. Consequently I am afraid that I will not be able to give you any information on the subject."

Chauncey M. Depew, according to his own account, came in for St. Valentine attentions at a very early date.

"Bless your heart!" he said to me when I asked him about his first offering, "I couldn't tell you if I should think for a week. It seems to me that valentines have always played a prominent part in my existence, and I guess I got my first before I was able to read. A little later on, when my accomplishments had grown somewhat, I remember they took on a tender tone, and this sentimental era in my valentine experience continued until I got married.

"After that they came as regularly as before, but the contents were different. They were either of a practical turn, giving me lots of good advice, or they were harmless bits of humor or satire sent by friends. And now," and Mr. Depew's face was temporarily clouded with the memory of his trials in this direction, "now they come even more numerously than before, but the senders are either cranks, who take the opportunity to work off some crazy composition on me, or malicious persons who jump at the chance to send me anonymously a lot of disagreeable stuff. The latter comes from people who, if they were a little less cowardly, would throw vitriol in your face or shoot you with an air gun. But as they can't summon up sufficient courage to do that, they hide behind the privilege of St. Valentine's Day to shoot their shafts anonymously.

"However, that's one of the unpleasant features of the day, and one I am glad to say that didn't exist when I was a young man. We only celebrated the agreeable feature of the day by sending anonymously grateful little compliments in such a way that the sender could easily be traced. We didn't have the elaborated affairs in those days that you have now, at least not in the country where I lived. All our valentines were written. We would get some artistically engraved cards and inscribe on them some pretty sentiment in pen and ink. We would either an give appropriate quotation from a favorite author or write something original, and somehow it seems to me that those valentines meant more than the expensive works of art that are sent today. But that may only seem to me because I am not as young as I used to be in those days. And then I don't send any more today, which makes all the difference in the world."

One would suppose "Bob" Ingersoll would receive a bushel basket of valentines every year. But Mr. Ingersoll assured me with a perfectly straight face that he had never received or read a valentine in his life.

"Not even when you were young, colonel?" I asked somewhat doubtfully.

"No, sir, not even when I was young," replied the colonel very positively. "Those were mighty poor times for valentines, when I was young, at least where I lived in the west. You couldn't drop your little valentine in the slot and let the letter carrier do the rest. Houses were twenty-five or fifty miles apart, and if you had been filled with a desire to send your best girl or some other fellow's best girl a valentine it would have involved a loss of a day or perhaps two days. And even then the reception at the other end would have been very doubtful. I don't know exactly what would have been the feelings of the recipient of the valentine offering, but I feel pretty certain that it wouldn't have advanced your claims to an early engagement. The old people would have looked with extreme [illegible] on any valentine performance [illegible] would have [illegible] it away. So you see it is [illegible] natural that I should [illegible] received a valentine, [illegible] when I might naturally have [illegible] addicted [illegible] practice [illegible] forward the fever never touched me."

Russell Sage, the man who is popularly supposed to [illegible] ready [illegible] investment [illegible] man [illegible] the doll[illegible] valentine.

"Valentines? My [illegible] Well, well, [illegible] gave [illegible] while [illegible] $1.25 umbrella. [illegible] valentines, [illegible] And then I [illegible]," he continued, with another chuckle. "Never. You want to hunt up some of the romantic fellows. There are lots of them around, you know."

"I suppose you receive a valentine occasionally, at any rate, Mr. Sage?"

"Oh yes. I get 'em, lots of 'em," and this time the old gentleman almost laughed outright. "You can't escape 'em, and some of them are beauties—friends of mine, you know, who want to show me how much they think of me. Maybe I'll let you see my valentine mail some day—some very fine things in it."

Jay Gould, like his friend Mr. Sage, has a heavy St. Valentine's Day mail, in which some very choice bits of satire and malediction reach him. And also like Mr. Sage, he has never had time, according to his own statement, to send any valentines himself. There is a story, unconfirmed by Mr. Gould himself though, that the railroad king received a valentine in his early days which disgusted him so thoroughly with the practice as to cure him of any propensity to offer up a sacrifice on St. Valentine's altar.

George Gould, who is rapidly becoming as famous in the financial world as his father, still has a very clear recollection of the time when the average young man sent valentines, but when I asked him for his experience he assured me that he had never indulged in the habit.

"That's always been rather out of my line," he added. "If there is in existence a valentine that I sent I should like to see it very much. I do not remember even as a boy having ever paid any attention to the day, and it's hardly to be supposed that I'll take it up now."

D. O. Mills, the California millionaire, looked puzzled when he tried to think of his first valentine, but finally remarked that he couldn't remember anything about it.

"People sent offerings in honor of St. Valentine's Day in my time," he said, "and I may have done as the rest, but I really can't say whether I did or not."

Ward McAllister, creator and chief shepherd of the immortal Four Hundred, delivered his first valentine in a most romantic manner. "It occurred just forty-one years ago," said the society king in speaking of the event. "I had returned to my home in Savannah to study law. From time immemorial the people down there have given valentine parties on St. Valentine's eve, and a very pretty social observance it is, one that might very profitably be followed in the north. I received an invitation to attend one of these parties, and of course accepted. When I reached the house a basketful of sealed envelopes was handed to me, and I was told to select one at random.

"When I opened the envelope I found the name of a very beautiful young lady whom I had the right to claim as a partner for the evening. But in order to exercise this right I had first to present her with a bouquet of flowers on my bended knee in the public ballroom, and recite a piece of poetry appropriate to St. Valentine's Day. It was a pretty embarrassing situation, but as all the other young fellows in the house had to do the same thing I plunged down boldly when my turn came, holding the bouquet in my outstretched hand, and looking deep down into the blue eyes of the charming maiden before whom I kneeled. I recited the following poem, which I had committed to memory for the occasion:

These flowers, dear lady, unto thee I bring,
With hopes as warm as the dawning spring,
Which oft repelled by many a chilling blast,
Still trusts its offering may succeed at last.

Receive, thou emblem of the rosy spring,
Charmer of life, of every earthly thing,
These flowers which, lovely as the tints of morn,
Yet ne'er can hope thy beauty to adorn.

Oh, may they plead for one who never knew,
Perfection's image till he met with you!
Oh, may their fragrance to thy heart convey,
How much he would but does not dare to say!

"I always thought that this poetry was original with me," added Mr. McAllister, "but I see that it is claimed by a very famous woman as her composition, and as I am not positive as to my authorship I yield the honor without a protest. But it is very pretty, and as it formed the subject of my first valentine I do not think I shall ever forget it."

On the occasion of Mrs. James Brown Potter's debut as an amateur actress, on St. Valentine's eve several years ago Mr. McAllister recited the poem again, addressing himself to the famous beauty.

PAUL LATZKE.

A movement is on foot for a uniform rate of legal interest in the six states of Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, Colorado and the two Dakotas. If the movement is successful it will prove a great convenience to the group of states named, and will enable citizens to avoid much tedious delay and litigation.

The doctors have sent out a general warning to the public against the biting of finger nails. In the deposit accumulating under the nails exists a swarm of death dealing things, which includes thirty kinds of microbes, eighteen sorts of bacilli, and several sarcinae and mol[illegible].

Jules Simon, the venerable French author writes in a manner peculiar to himself. [illegible] he holds a [illegible] it with [illegible] that is a marvel of neatness. It is as easy to read as a printed page.

G[illegible] It has caused the [illegible] of Scott county, Ky. [illegible] an [illegible] half [illegible] down in a faint and [illegible] afterward expired.

FASHIONS OF THE DAY

OLIVE HARPER'S OBSERVATIONS ON THE STYLES OF THE SEASON.

New Wash Goods Are Shown in Great Variety, and Are Made Up Most Tastefully—They Are Very Cheap Besides—Pretty House and Evening Gowns.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Today I stood in front of a window and looked with delighted eyes at the pretty new spring goods arranged with so much taste over their frames, and took mental note that the dark mossy green sateens—for there are sateens after all, in dark shades, with intricate all over patterns—had double loops and ends of "faded purple" velvet ribbons, and the purple goods had green bows, and so on.

NEW WASH GOODS DRESSES.

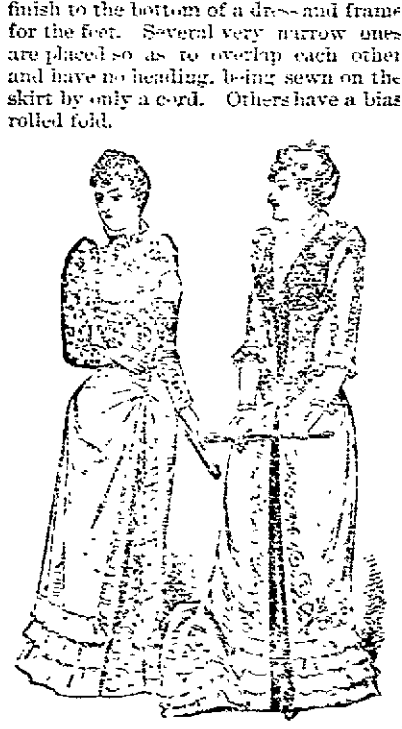
New challies in cotton are shown, and are printed in the prevailing patterns used in sateens. The challies are soft, washable and very pretty, and though so cheap (three and four cents a yard), they can be made up into very handsome dresses, particularly for morning. Cheese cloth in pink, blue, cream and ecru will be used quite extensively for early morning dresses. They are to be made with a blouse waist or a plaited corsage and plain full skirt, with two or three tucks above the hem, a sailor collar of black velvet, cuffs and pointed girdle also of black velvet. Thus this inexpensive material becomes a very dressy little gown for a young lady.

There are some really pretty cotton goods to which there is no name, but it looks like percale, all in solid color, either of the pretty wood brown or dark indigo blue. They are pattern dresses, and have a breadth printed in colors, in flower pattern or striped with white, to go with it. The pictures come with these pretty dress patterns showing how they should be made. The dark blue has the waist and skirt of the dark blue, a panel up the front being printed with pink flowers and green foliage. On the right side is a deep drapery of pale blue, and the same pale blue is brought forward fichu fashion and tied.

Another is of wood brown, with panel opening which discloses a piece bordered with white stripes in clusters. The corsage is finished with a high, open collar and fichu drapery, which is very graceful. The front has wrinkled drapery, but is otherwise quite plain.

Another exceedingly neat and dainty home dress is made of figured wool brocade in metallic blue and seal brown and snuff brown cashmere. The skirt opens in front over the brocade, and side forms reach to the bust. The waist and sleeves are of the brocade, and across the bust is arranged a puff drapery, each side edged with narrow gathered ruffles. There are three ruffles around the bottom, one extending up the front to the waist on each side. This makes a very dressy gown with little labor, and could be copied in almost any two materials.

Ruffles, narrow and wide, gathered knife, side, box or rose plaited, are decidedly "in" now, and form a pretty finish to the bottom of a dress and frame for the feet. Several very narrow ones are placed so as to overlap each other and have no heading, being sewn on the skirt by only a cord. Others have a bias rolled fold.



PRETTY HOME AND EVENING DRESSES.

I almost forgot to mention an elegant toilet for a young married lady. The color and material is Russian blue china silk embroidered in black chenille, with the front of the skirt and bust drapery of black crepe de Chine. A small Marie Stuart collar, lined with lace, finishes the neck, and a ruffle of the same is placed at the elbows and shoulders. The sleeves are [illegible] from top to bottom. This is a [illegible] when the arms are [illegible] the whole arm does not show, [illegible] one does not see [illegible] beautiful. Around the edge of skirt and train are four narrow gathered ruffles, and every lady wears a little curl down the middle of her forehead except

OLIVE HARPER.

A good record: "I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for [illegible] years," says druggist, E. B. L[illegible] [illegible] "and have always warranted it and never had a bottle returned. During the past 90 days, we sold twelve dozen [illegible]" [illegible]

Information Asked For.

Miss F[illegible] (to caller, evening)—Do you like cream in your coffee, Mr. Staylate?

Mr. Staylate—Yes, but why such a question?

Miss Frostique—Oh, it's of no consequence, only we have to tell the milk man when we want it.—Harper's Bazar.

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequaled for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. Fifty doses, 25 cents. Samples free, at Denison & Co.'s and Hoberman & Co.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Fracken.

One Principle—Different Statements.

The poet [illegible] early rise,
[illegible]
Jerry Simpson [illegible] gnat,
But [illegible]
—Washington Post.

As thus: The coleoptera of June hath gaudy wings.
The [illegible] a lustrous [illegible] expanding;
The [illegible] a pinion brings,
Yet attains his destination [illegible]
—Boston Courier.

Southern Antidote for Malaria.

It is generally known that Simmons Liver Regulator is relied upon to secure immunity from all malarial disorders. This is proven by its popularity, and any one who has lived in the South has seen its curative effects and the protection it gives against the weakening and dangerous malady. It acts more promptly than calomel or quinine, without any of their injurious consequences.

A Tender Hearted Man.

I hate to see a lady stand
While riding on the cars,
And grasp the strap with trembling hand,
As sudden jerks and jars
Twist almost out of shape her fingers taper.

It gives me pain, for such a sight
Will make me nearly cry,
Because I do not think it's right;
And that's the reason why
I always keep my eyes upon my paper.
—New York Morning Journal

How to Succeed.

This is the great problem of life which few satisfactorily solve. Some fail because of poor health, others want of luck, but the majority from deficient grit—want of nerve. They are nervous, irresolute, changeable, easily get the blues and "take the spirits down to keep the spirits up," thus wasting money, time, opportunity and nerve force. There is nothing like the Restorative Nervine, discovered by the great specialist, Dr. Miles, to cure all nervous diseases, as headache, the blues, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, fits, and hysteria. Trial bottles and fine book of testimonials free at Denison & Co.'s and Hoberman & Co.'s.

The Right Kind of a Mother.

Mamma (coaxingly)—Come, Bobby, take your medicine now, and then jump into bed.

Bobby—I do not want to take my medicine, ma.

Father (who knows how to govern children)—Robert, if you don't take your medicine at once you will be put to bed without taking it at all.

Bobby takes it promptly.—Exchange.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of the same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle, at Fracken's drug store.

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

To Get

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other.

Hood's

When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable, suffering a great deal with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly stand. I looked, and had for some time, like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes. Sold at Fracken's drug store.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"If pop had blanketed you in the stable you would be fat, too."

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

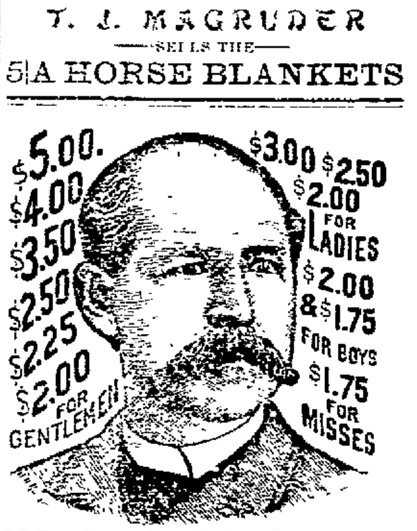
Ask for
- 5/A Five Mile
- 5/A Boss Stable
- 5/A Electric
- 5/A Extra Test

30 other styles at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL
Manuf'd by WM. AYRES & SONS, Philada., who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets.

T. J. MAGRUDER
—SELLS THE—
5/A HORSE BLANKETS



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE and other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, etc., are warranted, and so stamped on bottom. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

J. F. RHOADS.

Local Time Card.

ERIE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. [illegible]	[illegible] a.m.	No. [illegible]	4 2[illegible] a.m.
No. [illegible]	[illegible] p.m.	No. [illegible]	11 [illegible]
No. [illegible]	1[illegible] p.m.	No. [illegible]	1[illegible] p.m.
No. [illegible]	[illegible] p.m.	No. [illegible]	11 4[illegible]
		No. 22	[illegible] p.m.

BIG FOUR.

In effect on and after Nov. 23, 1890.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. [illegible]	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	[illegible]
No. [illegible]	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	[illegible]
No. [illegible]	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	6 52 p.m.
No. 17	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	[illegible]
No. [illegible]	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
No. [illegible]	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	[illegible] a.m.
No. [illegible]	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	[illegible]
No. [illegible]	[illegible]	No. [illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

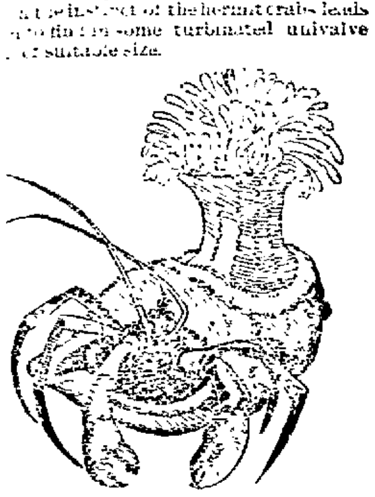
WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	[illegible] a.m.	No. 6	11 [illegible] p.m.
No. [illegible]	[illegible] p.m.	No. 2	[illegible] p.m.
No. [illegible]	11 2[illegible] p.m.	No. [illegible]	4 [illegible] p.m.
No. 53	6 [illegible] a.m.	No. 30	[illegible] a.m.

CIENCE AND PROGRESS.

EAS AND NOTES RELATING TO THE ARTS AND SCIENCES.

aracteristics of That Large Family of Crustaceans Commonly Known as Hermit Crabs—Description of a Unique Specimen in the Aquatic Zoo in England.

H rmit crab is the common appellation [illegible] family of crustaceans having the [illegible] of the tail segments much more [illegible] developed than in true crabs, but [illegible] by hard plates. This soft and [illegible] tail requires a protective covering [illegible] the instinct of the hermit crabs leads [illegible] to find some turbinated univalve [illegible] of suitable size.



THE HERMIT CRAB AND HIS BURDEN.

If on search he cannot find an empty one our his fancy he attacks the inmate of e one that does, and picking him out ecemeal takes possession of his new arters. There is one with a paracitica emone on the back of his shell in the ighton aquarium, of which the following is told: "Not long ago this crab changed s eil, and plodded round the old shell r hours to try and persuade the paracitica come on the new home, but his labors ere not rewarded with success, for he ent back to his old home and friend, hich home is much too small for him ow." Hermit crabs are very interesting mates of the aquarium, but their locomotive habits and their voracity make em unsuitable for an aquarium otherwise very finely stocked.

Paper versus Wooden Doors.

Wood fiber seems to be in strong demand and its applications seem to be increasing too. In Hamburg an immense ore with its facade and other important arts composed of paper, has recently been ected. Wood pulp is mixed with bronze owder, aniline, or some other color for oldings. Wood pulp is also being used the basis of a substitute for mortar in overing and finishing walls. It is said to e harder, and, when applied to woodwork a thin coat, to render it both fire and ater proof. Doors made of paper are said be an improvement over those made of ood. Altogether there is a prospect for e utilization of some of the surplus wood ber which will presently come upon the arket.

When Pompeii Was Overwhelmed.

The question as to the time of the year ompeii was overwhelmed has puzzled antiquarians, but according to The Gardeners' Chronicle a late discovery answers it ith some degree of certainty. The trunk f a tree bearing berries has been discovered among the ashes, the berries giving e clew to the nature of the tree, which as the true or bay laurel (Laurus nobilis). rom the degree of maturity of the berries is, moreover, surmised that the eruption ok place in November.

The Food of Corals.

The English naturalist, Sydney S. Hickson, who has made some extensive observations of the corals of the Maylay archipelago, is inclined to the belief that many f the corals are vegetable feeders. No oubt the water in the vicinity of mangrove swamps is full of the debris of leaves nd wood, which, sinking to the bottom, ust enter the mouths of the coral animals. It is suggested that this may explain the vigorous growths often seen ear extensive swamps.

To Lubricate Lever Escapement.

Never oil the fork of the lever; oil on his part will do more harm than good, especially if it is correctly poised. The lever allets require it sometimes, if of a low rate watch, those of finer movements hould not be oiled. It is a matter of judgment for the intelligent watchmaker; if e thinks that a little oil will improve hese parts let him lubricate them very lightly, barely perceptible with the glass, s advice given in The Jeweler's Review.

n Interesting Instantaneous Photograph.

The constantly increasing sensitiveness f the gelatine emulsions as now made admits of excessively short exposures, and onsequently allows photographers to obtain very beautiful and remarkable instantaneous views.

INSTANTANEOUS PHOTOGRAPH.

In the cut here shown from Nature is represented a man leaping over a settee caught by the camera in midair. Popular Science News, commenting on the [illegible], says: The sharpness with which [illegible] a rapidly moving object was taken is remarkable and indicates an extremely [illegible] acting shutter. The hat just being thrown from the head is worthy of notice.

English Speaking People.

The London Times gives an article on "English speaking people." It there appears that at the beginning of the present century there were 21,000,000 who spoke the English language: that now there are in America alone nearly 100,000,000; in Great Britain and Ireland, 40,000,000; while this same language "has taken for its own" nearly the whole of Australia.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

New Fashions and Fancies in Cushions and Bags of Various Kinds.

Some of the newest cushions are circular in shape and made of soft flounces, gathered to produce a floral effect. Occasionally these are arranged in graduated shades, the darkest in the center. Many cushions are covered with puckered silk, having a square in the center of contrasting color, puffed into diamonds. Some of the new cushions are covered with printed silks, and have a gathered frill of plain color.

For the top of chairs two flat square cushions are united with bows at the corners, so that they fall on either side of the chairback; they are generally covered with art silk. There is another shape like an ivy leaf, and small scent sachets also take the form of ivy leaves. Many cushions are fan shaped, while others are oblong.

Some work bags are made in embroidery applique on silk which is drawn together at the mouth and finished with a wide heading. In another shape the bag starts from three or four circles of silk puffings like the petals of a flower. This same shape is applied to bags for holding opera glasses. One of the prettiest bags has a cardboard bottom, the bag, which fits the glass, being made of embroidered silk and having a deep heading drawn in with cord.

A Comfortable New Idea.

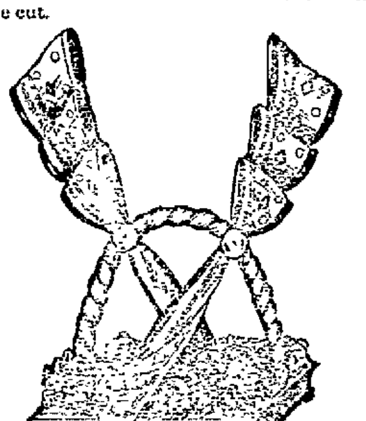
The craze for turning a room in which one wishes to live and breathe and to receive guests into a place where it is almost impossible to move without risk of upsetting some chair or little table on which all kinds of ornaments have been crowded is fortunately dying out. It is impossible to secure real comfort in a room which has for its keynote "the collecting mania," an admirable idea if confined to its proper sphere, the museum, but wholly inappropriate if applied to a boudoir or a room in which a home feeling should predominate rather than the notion of a bazar.

Parsnip Fritters.

Take four good sized parsnips, one tablespoonful of flour and one egg. Put the parsnips into a saucepan of boiling water and boil until tender (if young, three-quarters of an hour; if old, one and a quarter hours). When done drain and mash fine; add to them a half teaspoonful of salt, the flour, the eggs well beaten and a dash of black pepper; mix well and form in small cakes. Put two large tablespoonfuls of dripping in a frying pan, and when hot fry the cakes brown on one side, then turn and brown the other. Drain on brown paper and serve.

A Charming Device for Flowers.

Among handsome things in use for floral decorations is the flower basket shown in the cut.



A FLOWER BASKET.

This tray like basket is of silver wickerwork, filled with a mass of violets and embellished with fancy ribbon, which encircles the receptacle, twines round the handle, and rises at the side in the shape of three upright loops. The arrangement is an exceedingly dainty one for the table, and the idea could of course be carried out in less costly form.

How to Take Care of Good Shoes.

It is most annoying to a lady, after having paid a first class price for a first class article, and after having worn it but a few times, to find it look quite shabby. This is often the case with boots, and she thinks there is nothing left for her but to have them treated with dressing of some sort or other which will brighten them for the time, only to become more unsightly each time it is used upon them. Now, it is affirmed by one who has devoted careful attention to the best care of shoes and boots that all that is necessary when a kid boot is new, and has turned blue, or in any way lost its polish, is to black the discolored parts with common black ink, let it dry, and rub off all the superfluous ink with a soft piece of cloth or rag, then take the white of an egg and beat it well up till it is quite thin, but not frothy. This can be put on all over with the finger, but, like all dressings, should be used very sparingly, not that it will hurt the leather, only that by putting it on thin, as it is transparent, the grain of the leather, which is its beauty, is left visible. This will be found the brightest and cleanest polish that can possibly be got, and dust can be removed with a soft brush.

One of the principal points in cleaning leather is to well rub off all the dirt before using the dressing, and then to use as little dressing as possible, or none at all, if the boots can be made to look well without.

Patent leather is very delicate, more especially when new; in cold weather just a slight pressure will crack it, and for this reason the wearers of it should always put new patent leather boots or shoes before the fire—only for a short time and not too close. This makes the leather very pliant, and prevents it from cracking. When on the foot for the first time patent leather boots should be rubbed to the shape of the foot with the hand; this will block the leather, and it is not so likely to wrinkle and crack in wear. When patent leather boots and shoes are getting dull, white of egg will be found best for them.

French Rolls.

To one ounce of butter add one pound of flour well dried and sifted. When thoroughly blended add a little yeast, as much milk as will form all into a stiff dough, a beaten egg and a little salt. Mix the dough with a wooden spoon, but on no account knead it, or it will not rise. When well mixed let it rise, and put it into muffin tins to bake for twenty minutes. When ready to take from the oven brush the rolls over with a beaten egg, and replace them for a minute to dry.

Chocolate Souffle.

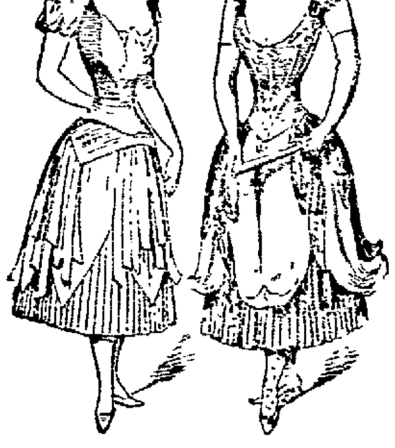
Dissolve a quarter pound of chocolate in lukewarm water; add the yelks of four eggs and a cupful of powdered sugar, and mix well together until you have a smooth, frothy paste. Beat up the four whites until you have a stiff froth and add them to the mixture. Pour all into a baking dish; leave it for twenty minutes in the oven and serve.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

CORRECT STYLES IN DRESS ILLUSTRATED AND DESCRIBED.

Fashions in Ball Gowns—Distinctions Between Dinner and Dancing Dresses as Broad as Ever—Fancy Dresses Especially Designed for Flower Quadrilles.

While their materials have in a measure given place to richer fabrics for ball gowns, the distinction between dinner and dancing dresses is as broad as ever. Low gowns are much worn, and there is a tendency to the old court bodice. There are some pretty arrangements of flower trimmings for ball dresses. Small wreaths are made to encircle the arms and bodice and ruches of leaves of various tints are made for the hems of dresses.



FANCY DRESSES FOR A FLOWER QUADRILLE.

Flowers may be arranged on skirts with such grace that they appear to grow there, as on a wall in the sunny south. An example seen was a light blush pink satin; it had large and beautiful trails of roses climbing up the skirt, as though the sunshine were making them grow. All dresses thus elaborately adorned in front are made with plain trained backs. The idea lends itself to fancy dresses, and a pretty rendering of a flower girl costume was a short light satin skirt covered all over with chrysanthemums of various tints. In the cut are shown two fancy dresses designed for a flower quadrille. The one representing a daffodil has a yellow accordion pleated silk skirt, with flower petals forming an overskirt and a green plush bodice with yellow leaves, the sleeves corresponding. The other, representing a garden lily, has a green satin bodice and underskirt, the latter being overlaid with green satin leaves and white satin petals. White satin stamens appear on the bodice. The headdress is a lily.

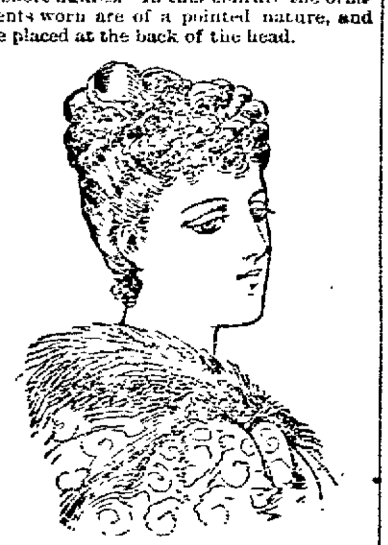
For Short Figures.

Seamless bodices are not becoming to women with full figures. When there is a tendency to shortness all the seams of darts and side forms should be retained, as these break the apparent size, and an extra side form is sometimes put in to keep these seams at even distances. Modistes use two under arm forms for bodices which measure more than twenty-six inches at the belt line, making these forms of the same width as the rounded [illegible] orms of the back, while the middle ba[illegible] ns are still narrower. This gives nine lengthwise seams, and with two darts each side of the front there are thirteen seams in the bodice. Nor should stout women wear coats that are deep on the side, as they outline the hips too plainly.

Their best choice is a plain bodice rather short on the hips, meeting a skirt draped in long folds in front, more nearly pointed than curved, to give the effect of length and take away from the apparent breadth. Double breasted bodices with slight postilion back are liked for wool gowns of large women. A good plan to break the broad effect in skirts is to put far back on each side next the back breadth a narrow straight panel or rever of velvet or cloth of the fabric used as trimming on the bodice. Trimming around the skirt should be avoided.—Harper's Bazar.

Hair Dressing.

Fashionable hair dressing is not confined to any one style. The coiffure may be elaborate, or it may be simple; it may be modern, or it may be classical, and it may be high or low, as best suits the requirements of the wearer. There is what the French call coiffure elonge, designed especially to impart an appearance of height to short figures. In this coiffure the ornaments worn are of a pointed nature, and are placed at the back of the head.



EVENING HAIR DRESSING.

In the cut is shown a pleasing style of hair dressing for evening wear. It is a medium style, between the extremes of very high and very low coiffures. This coiffure is formed by elevating the back hair, curling the ends and working them into puffs. The front hair is curled, or, when that is not practicable, artificial hair in the form of a "fairy fringe" is added.

The Fad for Heart Shaped Articles.

If you want to be in quite the fashion, wear or possess something that is heart shaped. There are heart shaped cushions, heart shaped tables, heart shaped bonnets, heart shaped photo frames, and the newest ornaments for writing and dressing tables are heart shaped. One comes across heart shaped things everywhere; they are the society belle's latest fad. The fashionable engagement ring is ornamented with a pair of hearts. They are moonstones surrounded with diamonds. The newest purse is a heart, and the newest watch charm too.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Are Athletics Needed by Brain Workers, or Do They Shorten Life?

Apropos of some contemplations over the careers of Cardinal Newman and John Boyle O'Reilly lately indulged in by a contemporary, The Medical Record, says: The former was a frail, slight man, of infirm constitution, but despite this he lived to a very advanced age; the latter was a man of splendid physique, who kept his system in training by physical exercise, athletic sports, and followed all the suggestions of modern physical culture. Yet he died in the prime of life. Shall we not then live quiet, ascetic lives, ignoring the body and cultivating the spirit, or shall we cultivate both body and mind?

The latter course is the one so much commended today, yet it is not a sure passport to longevity, as many cases prove. In fact, the brain worker is better if he lives a regular, temperate life, and pays no attention to the development of his muscles. A little walk, some fresh air and sound sleep are all he needs. Some people, to be sure, can be athletes and do brain work also, but it is not the rule. A sound mind should have a sound body, but it does not need herculean muscles. The best athletic work is done by growing boys and adolescents, who have an extra supply of vitality. When they have matured, and undertaken the responsible work of life, they speedily drop out of the championships. And the lesson we would draw from the opposite cases brought up by Life is that athletics are not needed by brain workers, and will, if carried to excess, shorten life rather than lengthen it.

Of Interest to Chilly People.

With the mercury in the sitting room at 68 degs. Fahr. one ought to be comfortably warm, according to a recent authority on hygienic topics. But, to quote the same writer, there are women who suffer from chilliness most of the time from fall to spring, and who therefore live as much as they can in rooms heated to 80 and 90 degs. They object to much underclothing, and make slight change in summer and winter body wear. Of course they are always having colds and illnesses of various kinds, which plenty of flannels would entirely prevent. Some assert that flannels irritate the skin and cannot be endured next to it. If not, a silk or cotton garment may be worn next to the skin, and flannel over that. Vigorous friction of the entire surface of the body before going to sleep and upon rising from sleep is an excellent thing to keep one warm.

Starchy food, sugar and fats, all articles containing carbon in abundance, are good foods for cold weather. Pastries, cake and crullers are in season now, if ever they ought to be in season. Candy in cold weather is grateful to the palate and far less injurious, if injurious, than in warm weather. Instead of burning carbon in the stove, put it into the stomach; put on clothing till chilliness ceases, exercise till the body is all in a glow, keep the air of the rooms fresh and pure, and the liabilities to sickness that makes winter a season to be dreaded will be largely reduced.

Civilization and Short Sightedness.

At a recent meeting of the Paris Academy of Medicine it was maintained by M. Motais, of Augers, that myopia, or short sightedness, is one of the products of civilization. An unexpected proof of this view was found in the condition of the eyes of wild beasts, such as tigers, lions, etc. M. Motais, having examined their eyes by means of the ophthalmoscope, discovered that animals captured after the age of 6 or 8 months are and remain hypermetropic, while those that are captured earlier or, better still, are born in captivity, are myopic. This short sightedness is evidently induced by artificial conditions of life.

The Latest on Wrinkles.

The latest idea in regard to wrinkles is that they are entirely unnecessary, and may be avoided if you will but "mind your eye," or, more properly speaking, mind both eyes. This is to be done by keeping them widely opened, in child fashion, during the day time, and by closing them softly and evenly when you settle yourself for sleep. With the last moment of consciousness the face must be composed and the eyelids shut firmly, but not compressed, for this will make little wrinkles in them; neither must they be puckered up at the corners, as for a smile.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

The Usual Form for Notes of Acceptance or Regret in Answering Invitations.

Notes of acceptance or regret should be written briefly but courteously, and in the same person as that in which the invitation to be answered has been sent, says a writer on manners who is a member of New York's most exclusive circles: either "Dear Mrs. Green: It gives me great pleasure," etc., or "Mr. and Mrs. Brown accept with pleasure Mr. and Mrs. Green's very kind invitation for Tuesday evening," etc. In writing or answering invitations, or even letters, it is considered bad form to use figures instead of writing the numbers out. Invitations should always be answered in the present tense.

Invitations on a visiting card to a general entertainment require no answer, unless one is particularly requested.

In declining an invitation a polite excuse for absence should always be given. For instance, "Mr. and Mrs. Brown regret extremely that a previous engagement prevents them from accepting Mr. and Mrs. Green's kind invitation to dinner, Tuesday," etc.; or, whatever the reason may be, endeavor to express it politely in the note sent in reply.

The Charm of Fine Manners.

No one who has an appreciation of grace and beauty in nature or in art can fail to recognize the charm of fine manners in an individual. We rejoice in them as we do in a lovely sunset view or a beautiful piece of architecture or a fascinating poem, for their own sake and for what they express. But even beyond this they have another attraction in the magnetic power they exert upon all beholders in setting them at ease, in sweeping away shyness, awkwardness and restraint, and in stimulating them to the expression of whatever is best worth cherishing within them. It is undoubtedly true that the presence of fine manners, whether it be in the home or the social circle, in the workshop or the counting room, in the visit of charity or in the halls of legislation, has an immediate effect in reproducing itself, in diffusing happiness, in developing the faculties, and in exciting the best that is in everybody.

Ladies' Visiting Cards.

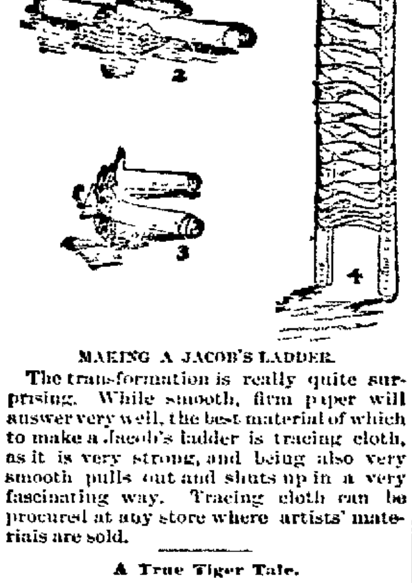
The newest visiting cards for ladies are large and inclining to square in shape. A young lady's card just out, from a fashionable New York stationer's, measures 2¼ by 3¼ inches, and the engraving is the small, somewhat heavy script that has been in use for some time. The street address is placed in the lower right hand corner.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

DEVOTED TO THE ENTERTAINMENT OF BOYS AND GIRLS.

How to Make a Jacob's Ladder of Paper or Tracing Cloth, as Recently Told for the Benefit of the Youthful Readers of Wide Awake.

In the first place cut a strip of strong, smooth paper about six inches wide and perhaps a yard long. Wind this carefully around a lead pencil and gum down the end. Draw out the pencil, and you will have a hollow roll six inches long. Cut the roll crosswise about two thirds of the way through in two places, as shown in Fig. 1, by a and b. The section in the middle between a and b ought to be about two inches long. Cut this middle section half way through lengthwise, as indicated by the dotted line in Fig. 1, and it will open out and look like Fig. 2. Bend the ends of the roll back as shown by Fig. 3, take hold of the first step which is marked c in Fig. 3, and pull the ladder out into shape as in Fig. 4.



MAKING A JACOB'S LADDER.

The transformation is really quite surprising. While smooth, firm paper will answer very well, the best material of which to make a Jacob's ladder is tracing cloth, as it is very strong, and being also very smooth pulls out and shuts up in a very fascinating way. Tracing cloth can be procured at any store where artists' materials are sold.

A True Tiger Tale.

Have you ever seen a cat catch a mouse and hand it over to her kittens, to teach them how to kill? Well, a tiger is merely a big cat, and she teaches her cubs almost in the same way, only not with mice. An East Indian officer witnessed a scene of this kind: An old bull bison had been the victim, and the tigress had disabled him by breaking one of his right fore legs just below the knee. She never touched the throat, the usual place of seizing, but allowed the cubs to worry the disabled animal. The eye witness relates that the cubs acted exactly like kittens, advanced and retreated, and worried the victim, all the time mewing and snarling, while the tigress sat near by watching their antics and occasionally giving the bison a blow with her paw when he showed undue activity. The officer shot the tigress and one of her cubs when his curiosity had been gratified, and he remarks that he could not help thinking, "Suppose it had been a human being on whom the cubs were practicing?" The supposition is an awful one, but it has doubtless been realized many times.

Jocko, the Monkey.

A friend of the writer owns a monkey which answers to the name of Jocko. The children of the house and Jocko are boon companions, and of a summer afternoon enjoy a frolic together upon the lawn. One day some one threw a match down, and the grass ignited, making a little blaze. Jocko saw it, stopped and looked, then glanced all around, and seeing a piece of plank not far off ran for it, crept cautiously to the fire, all the time holding the plank as a shield between himself and the flame, then threw the plank on the fire and pressed it down and extinguished it. What child could have reasoned better and done more? Although, perhaps, no danger could have come from the fire, still no one knows what the result might have been, and the monkey evidently believed that prudence is the better part of valor.

Little Lizette.

As little Lizette was out walking one day,
Attired with great splendor in festal array,
She met little Gretchen, in sober hued gown,
With a basket of eggs, trudging off to the town.

"Good morning: Good morning!" cried little Lizette,
"You haven't been over to visit me yet.
Come over and live with me always; pray do.
For I have no sisters; how many have you?

"NEIN," ANSWERED WEE GRETCHEN.

"Nein," answered wee Gretchen. Lizette cried "Ah, me!
I have to pretend I have sisters, you see
But try as I will I can't make it seem true.
And I have no brothers. How many have you?"

"Nein," answered wee Gretchen. "Nine!" answered Lizette
"Why, you are the luckiest girl I have met"
And have you a baby at home, tell me now?"
"Nein," answered wee Gretchen, and made a droll bow.

Then lingered Lizette by the roadside that day
To watch the wee maiden go trudging away.
"Nine brothers, nine sisters, nine babies to pet!
Oh, I wish I was Gretchen!" sighed little Lizette.
—St. Nicholas.

William Knox.

William Knox, the author of "Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud," was born in Soxburgh, Scotland, in 1789. His poetical talent soon showed itself, and he adopted a pensive strain of writing. His later works were spiritual hymns. Knox died at Edinburgh in 1825.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Popular Tradition Concerning Petrarch and His Laura.

The personality of Petrarch's Laura is still shrouded in mystery, and the various accounts thereof irreconcilably differ. According to one of the most popular traditions Petrarch first beheld, on Good Friday, April 6, 1327, in the church of St. Clara, in Avignon, that incomparable, golden haired Laura, who for twenty one years swayed the current of his life, whose eyes and voice, habitual reserve and exceptional piety, inspired poem after poem. Her bare hand and dainty glove, her sweet speech and sweet laugh, her tears, her paleness, her salutation, are noted with untiring minuteness. He records how he watched with rapture a young girl washing the veil of Laura, and on another occasion how he beheld a group of ladies with Laura in the midst, like the sun girt by twelve stars.

To read these elegant Tuscan strains one might imagine that Petrarch had few cares or interests or occupations but what sprang from his master passion; that Avignon and Vaucluse, Rome and Naples, busy court life and solitary retirement, took their color alike from the presence or absence of Laura, but the historic facts of his life do not bear out this presumption. His was an eventful life, and various were the missions, diplomatic or otherwise honorable, which he undertook, visiting various foreign countries and courts, and possibly the shores of England.

In 1348 a fearful pestilence ravaged Europe, and among the victims was Laura, to other eyes less beautiful than when, twenty-one years before, in the same month, day and hour, she had captivated the heart of her Tuscan lover, but ever regarded by him as invested with the pristine charm of youth. A note of his own handwriting in a copy of Virgil, his favorite author, records his bitter sorrow at her death, of which the news reached him in Verona. Petrarch's Virgil, with this affecting memorandum, is now in the Ambrosian library at Milan.

With Laura's death begins a new period, and with it the second part of his love poetry. Hitherto he had written verses in praise of Laura; now he wrote verses on Laura's death. The second part of Petrarch's poetry is superior to the first in purity of feeling and loftiness of thought.

The question, "Who was Laura?" has been answered from authentic family documents by the Abbe de Sade in his "Memoires pour la Vie de F. Petrarque." She was the daughter of Audebert de Noves, syndic of Avignon, and the wife of Hugh, son of Paul de Sade. There have been doubts expressed concerning this statement, but the evidence seems to be strong in favor of the identity.

Who First Discovered Gold in Australia.

There is a committee in Melbourne striving to ascertain who is entitled to the honor and reward of having first discovered the far famed Bendigo gold field. Although the gold discoveries in Victoria were not officially made known until July, 1851, the existence of the precious metal was no secret to the squatters years before, but these primeval worthies held their tongues through fear of their pastoral solitudes being invaded by hosts of unscrupulous adventurers.

One of these pioneer settlers has been giving this curious testimony: "It would be about April, 1845, that we reached and camped at Campbell's creek, near Mount Alexander, some twenty miles from the magnificent Bendigo of the future. There one of my men picked up a piece of quartz with massive yellow metal in it. The finder's name was Michael Whelan, a raw, newly arrived Irish immigrant. What became of the specimen I know not, but the Irishman's hazarded supposition that the yellow metal 'might be goold' occasioned no end of jeers and laughter in the camp." Subsequent events abundantly proved that the surmise of the simple Irishman was correct, but it is the inevitable fate of first discoverers to be laughed at by their omniscient contemporaries.

The Origin of Jim Crow.

In his "Curiosities of the American Stage" Mr. Hutton tells that it was Thomas D. Rice, the founder of Ethiopian minstrelsy, who discovered Jim Crow in a livery stable in Louisville. The actor could look into the stable yard from the window of his dressing room and watch the movements of an old slave who was employed by the proprietor to do all sorts of odd jobs. As was the custom among negroes he had assumed his master's name and called himself Jim Crow. He was much deformed, which gave him a painful but at the same time ludicrous limp. He was in the habit of crooning a queer tune to which he had applied words of his own. At the end of each verse he gave a peculiar step, "rocking de heel," in the manner since so general among his imitators, and these were the words of his refrain:

Wheel about, turn about,
Do jis so;
An' ebery time I wheel about
I jump Jim Crow.

Rice closely watched this unconscious performer, and recognized in him a character entirely new to the stage.

Robert Louis Stevenson.

Robert Louis Balfour Stevenson, the author, was born in Edinburgh in 1850. Among his published works are "An Inland Voyage," 1878; "Edinburgh; Picturesque Notes," 1879, "Travels with a Donkey," 1879; "Virginibus Puerisque," 1881; "Familiar Studies of Men and Books," "New Arabian Nights," 1882, "Treasure Island," "The Silverado Squatters," 1883; "A Child's Garden of Verse," "The Dynamiter," "Prince Otto," "Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," all in 1885; "Kidnaped," 1886, and "Merry Men," 1887.

A Venerable Chestnut.

The following appears every few years in new dress as an actual occurrence in one of the many families of Browns, Jones or Robinsons, and yet it is 300 years old:

"Thou art a rare child for thy wits," said a famous physician to a boy, "but I fear thou wilt prove like a summer apple—soon ripe, soon rotten; thou art so full of wit now that I fear thou wilt have little when thou art old." "Then," said the boy, "I gather by your words that you had a good wit when you were young."

Talisman and Amulet.

The terms talisman and amulet are often considered nearly synonymous, but the proper distinctive peculiarity of the former is its astrological character. A species of talisman which has acquired considerable celebrity is the Abraxas stone. A species of talisman at present in use in Russia is a piece of paper on which the names of the seven sleepers and their dog are inscribed. Pasted on the walls of the houses it is believed to be a protection against ghosts and demons.

His Warmest Welcome at an Inn.

It was Shenstone who wrote:

Whoe'er has traveled life's dull round,
Where'er his stages may have been,
May sigh to think he still has found
His warmest welcome at an inn.

We believe we have a thorough knowledge of all the ins and outs of newspaper advertising, gained in an experience of twenty-five years of successful business: we have the best equipped office, by far the most comprehensive as well as the most convenient system of placing contracts and verifying their fulfillment and unrivaled facilities in all departments for careful and intelligent service. We offer our services to all who contemplate spending $10 or $10,000 in newspaper advertising and who wish to get the most and best advertising for the money.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co. Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS
For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.
500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.
CURES Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation
A.A.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B.B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C.C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D.D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J.K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.
Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00
Sold by Druggists; or Sent Prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on Receipt of Price.
HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., Corner William and John Sts., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28
In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., Cor. William and John Sts., N. Y.

OSWI CATARRH REMEDY
Do not allow Catarrh in the head to continue its course unheeded and unchecked, as it affects the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs and is liable to develop into bronchitis and consumption, that most dreaded destroyer of human life. OSWI CATARRH REMEDY will cure you. Instant relief is obtained. It is soothing, antiseptic, cleansing, and healing, and no injury to the system will result from its use. Cold in the Head is cured with a few applications. CATARRHAL HEADACHE is relieved and quickly cured. It removes offensive breath, loss or impairment of the sense of taste, smell, or hearing, roaring in the head, watering or weak eyes. Catarrh of the Head and Throat is a local disease and therefore can be cured only by local application of OSWI CATARRH REMEDY. The great value of this remedy for Catarrh is daily becoming better known, and is recognized as the common sense method of treating this disease. 50 cents per bottle.
John Stackhouse & Co. 532 Arch St. PHILADELPHIA.
Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

YOUNG MOTHERS
We offer you a remedy which if used as directed, insures safety to life of both mother and child.
MOTHER'S FRIEND
Robs confinement of its PAIN, HORROR and RISK, as many testify.
My wife used only two bottles of MOTHER'S FRIEND. She was easily and quickly relieved—is now doing splendidly. J. S. MORTON, Harlow, N. C.
Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Book to Mothers mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold at FLECKEN'S Drug Store.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT WITH SUSPENSORY FOR WEAK MEN
[illegible] ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY [illegible]
SANDEN ELECTRIC CO. 819 Broadway, New York.

Wood's Phosphodine. THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
Used for 35 years by thousands successfully. Guaranteed to cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all the effects of Youthful folly and the excesses of later years. Gives immediate strength and vigor. Ask druggists for Wood's Phosphodine; take no substitute. One package, $1; six, $5, by mail. Write for pamphlet. Address The Wood Chemical Co., 131 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Marion by H. C. Hoberman & Co. druggists.

TO WEAK MEN
Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

BRACE UP, MAN!
Certain disorders of MEN make them Blue. That's because they lose hope too soon!
OUR NEW BOOK (mailed sealed free for a limited time) describes all Testimonials. "Exclusive Methods" have won us a "Monopoly of Success." ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
HAVE SOME STYLE!

BIG G [illegible] acknowledged the leading remedy for all the [illegible] discharges and [illegible] of men. A certain cure for the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M.D., DECATUR, ILL. Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

Murder AND Suicide!

—OF—

HIGH PRICES.

Men's Working Shirts. plaited bosoms. -	35c
" **Heavier Working Shirts.** plaited bosoms.	50c
" **Heavy Flannelette Working Shirts.** [illegible]	45c
" **Fine Jersey Overshirts well worth $1 for**	50c
" **White Shirts. laundried. linen bosoms, re-inforced fronts and backs.** [illegible]	50c
" **Unlaundried White Shirts.** - -	35c
Better ones for - - - -	50c and $1 00
Undershirts from - -	25c to 1 75

In Neckties I have Windsors. Tecks. Scarfs. Four-in-Hands, Puffs, Opera Bows, Opera Puffs. String Ties. Etc., Etc.

Suspenders from - -	$ 10	up to	$ 2 00
Hats. - - - -	25	"	4 50
Suits - - - - - -	3 40	"	25 00
Pants. - - - - -	90	"	7 50
Best 50c Overalls ever sold in Marion for -			40
A line of fine Spring Overcoats from $7 to			22 00
Heavy Overcoats. - - - -			$2 and up

Everything marked in plain figures and Strictly One Price.

SAM OPPENHEIMER

BENNETT BUILDING.

COAL!

AT LOW PRICES

—AT—

L. B. GURLEY'S.

OFFICE, NORTH OF JAIL.

TELEPHONE, NO. 67.

GET THE BEST

Hard or Soft

COAL

Linsley & Lawrence

West Street, Between Railroads.

FARM FOR RENT—Enquire of W. H. Krause. 69-3.

FOR RENT—Dwelling house on east South street, $8.33 per month. Inquire of Geo. D. Copeland, over Marion County Bank. 67tf.

FOR RENT—A good house of seven rooms, with all conveniences, now occupied by M. Nelson. Enquire of Mrs. E. S. Ball, 202 south East street. 70-tf

FOR RENT—Dwelling house of five rooms, and all conveniences. Call at G. W. Showen's, on Oak street. eod67tf

FOR RENT—Room for grocery store with dwelling rooms above, $20 per month; possession April 1st. Also good front room on ground floor, very central location, reasonable rent, possession at once. 63tf CHASE & HUNTER.

FOR RENT—Nice furnished room over Thew's grocery, south Main street. Inquire at front part over Thew's. eod69t3

FOR RENT—A good house of seven rooms on Pearl street. Inquire of Mrs. M. S. Leonard 40tf

FOR RENT—Nice new business room in new Wesley block. Can be fixed to suit any kind of business. Possession given at once. Inquire at Marion County Bank. 32tf H. TRUE.

FOR RENT—Two houses situated on Greenwood street; one has seven rooms and the other nine, a cellar and stable. Inquire of H. C. Sharpless or on premises. 69 tf.

FOR RENT—Dwelling house, of three large rooms, on north East street, cheap. Inquire of James Molley.

FOR RENT—The room now occupied by S. S. Fox & Co., store and tinware; also the store room next to and immediately west of Baptist church, all in Fite block, Marion, O. Terms reasonable. Possession on or before April 1st, 1891. 68-16 L. FITE.

LOTS FOR SALE—Ten building lots on John street, Marion, O. Price and terms liberal. Enquire of L. Fite. 68-16

LOST—Between J. Kishler's residence and D. A. Frank's dry goods store, a pair of gold-framed glasses. The finder will please return them to J. Kishler's store and be rewarded. 70-11

WANTED TO RENT—April 1st, six or seven room house, within one mile of court house. Rent must be reasonable. 68-16 D. B. MORRILL.

WANTED—General state agent to open headquarters in some principle city, assume exclusive control of our business and appoint local and sub-agents in every city in this state; goods well known, staple as flour, in universal demand, and pay a net profit of 50 to 100 per cent. Address the Union Company, 744 Broadway, New York. 67-6

—Cunningham, the plumber.

—Jessie Scott is convalescing, after a week's illness.

—E. N. Mincer is on a business trip through the East.

—An elegant display of valentines at the Marion Bazar. 68-14

—Flowering plants from Blake's garden always on sale at L. E. Rupp's, next to postoffice. 68-m.wastf.

—Col. J. M McGee, the pension attorney, has been confined to his home with an afflicted eye.

—Mrs. J. G. Gompf and son, Charley, left today for Columbus to visit Mrs. Gompf's brothers, John and Will.

—Miss Emma Kirchner is visiting friends at Galion. She expects to remain there the rest of the winter.

—Judge C. H. Norris went to Cincinnati Tuesday, accompanying the Florida party that far on their journey.

—Eugene Fairfield left this morning to join the Florida party. Mrs. Fairfield and daughter accompanied him as far as Cincinnati.

—Ben Waddel, Jr., has opened a new feed store in the East room of the Fite block, east Center street, and will handle all kinds of feed. Free delivery. 67-6

—There is no doubt of a highly exhilarating entertainment at the City Hall tonight. The cream of the Quinn chapel orators will elucidate on the chosen subject. Go, by all means.

—The Elks' social is sure to be a success tonight and the program to be rendered is sure to please. All of those taking part in the minstrel entertainment are requested to come early.

—Still two or three lots left on Jas. Reed's addition, by East school building. Money furnished to build.

7012. E. E. BUSH,
Marion County Bank.

—All persons indebted to S. E. DeWolfe are kindly requested to CALL AT ONCE AND SETTLE, for he is in need of funds to pay bills and it will save him many a long walk and much shoe leather. 68t12

—Information was given us by a Mason this morning that the one-fare passage to Columbus on the 12th inst was not only for Masonic brethren but for all who wished to make the trip to the Capital City.

—The funeral Tuesday of Mrs. Dimmie Monnett McClinton was largely attended, a large concourse of people following the remains to this city, where they were entombed in the vault to await subsequent burial.

—See H. N. Love for fire insurance.

—I. I. Jacobs, of Prospect, was in the city today.

—H. Ackerman is on a business trip to Mt. Gilead today.

—J. B. Wyatt made a business trip to Prospect Tuesday.

—One drunk was locked up Tuesday night, and was assessed the usual $1.90.

—John Lehner and Andy Ringle are building new houses on Pennsylvania avenue.

—W. A. Cockley, of Agosta, attended the Abbie Carrington opera Tuesday evening.

—J. G. Leffler has resigned his office as treasurer of the Wyman Manufacturing Co.

—Will Bland left this morning for Columbus, to attend the Masonic meeting there.

—Chas. Drew returned Tuesday afternoon from a visit with friends at Lancaster.

—Archie Bishop was the guest of lady friends at Belle Center for a few minutes, Tuesday.

—Operator Briggs is again working days instead of Ed. Smith, who is still laying off with sickness.

—B. Tristram was at Delaware today attending a meeting of the Girls' Industrial Home trustees.

—Mrs. G. A. Sawyer, of Galion, is visiting in the city for a few days, a guest at the home of her friend, Mrs. Lidy, on west South street.

—French Thornhill, of Richwood, was in the city a short time today, visiting relatives, while on his way to the Girls' Industrial Home at Delaware.

—Mr. Pierce and wife, of Urbana, were the guests of friends here Tuesday. Mr. Pierce is the day operator for the Erie at Urbana, and his visit here was a pleasure to the boys.

—It is requested that the members of Canton Marion, No. 55, will meet at their lodge room promptly at 7:30 p. m., this evening, to make arrangements to attend the funeral of Bro. Hochstetter.

—Will Dusenberry and Will Sargent have signed with Sells' Brothers circus for next season. They are to go ahead of the show as lithographers and programers of the first bill car. The contract for them to sign has not reached here yet, but they have been booked for the positions named.

—Invitations have been received here announcing the marriage of Miss Minnie May Wood, of Birmingham, O., and Edgar D. Case, of Norwalk, which is to occur Tuesday, Feb. 17, at high noon. Mr. Case and Miss Wood will be remembered by acquaintances they made during their holiday visit here.

—One of the sleepers on C. and E. train 8 caught fire at the junction Tuesday night, burning the out side of the car considerably. Gas had been leaking from the fixtures of the cars and ignited from the inspector's torch. The fire was soon put out and the damaged car went on with the train to its destination.

—There was another interesting meeting at the East street Baptist church last evening, conducted by the singing evangelist, Mr. Bawden. He sang two solos and led the congregational singing. His sermon was on the text, "What is a man profited if he should gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" Praise meeting begins at 7:30 p. m. Sermon at 8 p. m. All cordially invited to attend.

—Jno. Kirkoff and wife left this morning for Dayton, where they will remain until Sunday when they return here. Mr Kirkoff goes to Toledo Tuesday to take the foremanship of the car inspectors [illegible] the Lake Shore and Michigan [illegible] place. Mr. Kirkoff has been [illegible] here for the past [illegible] 6 years and [illegible] a host of friends, who will [illegible] to hear that he has determined to leave Marion.

NEW!

Embroideries. White Goods. Table Linens. Napkins. Towels Crash and the best line of Dress Goods for early spring. Armenian Serges. 36 in. wide, 8 yards for $1. Remember, we guarantee all corsets and return the money after a four weeks' trial if not satisfactory. The best nursing corset in the market and the price of it is $1. The best corset waists for ladies, misses and children, pronounced so by customers who have used them.

We sell goods cheaper than any dry goods house in Marion.

D. A. FRANK & CO.,

White Front, Masonic Block.

THE MEKLEY MURDER

Coroner McMurray Makes the Post Mortem Examination.

Coroner J. A. McMurray, Dr. W. C. Denman and Dr. A. B. McMurray completed the post mortem examination of the remains of Belle Mekley, who was murdered Tuesday forenoon, at [illegible] 5 o'clock in the evening. The result of the examination, as will be reported officially, is as follows: A pistol ball wound was found, about 2½ inches back and about 1 inch above the right ear; the ball ranged forward to the left and slightly downward, striking the base of the skull, and carromed from there into the left lobe of the brain. The ball was removed.

The coroner is holding his inquest this afternoon in the grand jury room of the court house, and the verdict has not been reached as we go to press.

Frank Mekley, an elder brother of the man who did the shooting, arrived in the city this morning from Dayton, but returned home again. He was naturally feeling very bad over the affair, and stated that his parents and relatives at home were much distressed over the unfortunate affair.

Joe Mekley was told this morning of the death of the victim of his pistol. He made no reply on receiving the knowledge, but dropped his head in silence. There is no doubt but the man has been sorry for his act since his incarceration.

The funeral of the murdered girl will occur Thursday at 10 o'clock, and the remains will be buried here.

George Hochstetter Dead.

George Hochstetter, the well-known stone cutter, who was a familiar figure about the city in his employment of building pavements, died at the home of his sister on Oak street, Tuesday evening about 7 o'clock, at the age of 45 years.

Mr. Hochstetter, as is known, was a sufferer with consumption, and for the past year or more has been unable to work. He has been a resident of this city for about six years, and formerly lived at Mt. Gilead, but his parents are citizens of this county.

Deceased was a member of Kosciusko Lodge, I. O. O. F., of this city, having joined the order at Mt. Gilead. He was a member of the Encampment, Daughters of Rebecca and Uniform Rank, and was much devoted to this society when in health. His brethren will have charge of the funeral, which will occur Thursday at 2 o'clock.

The Caton Business College.

A sure thing, and what promises to be a permanent institution for Marion, and a good one, is the Caton Business College, which is now in a fair way to assure success. The agent, who has been here but a couple days, reports that about forty scholarships have been promised.

The school will open positively the last of March or first of April. The teachers have not been secured, but they will be of Prof. Caton's own selection, which is a guarantee of ability. The Caton colleges have all achieved a notable success, and there is no doubt of the Marion branch equaling them in this particular.

—It may be a matter of interest to know that there are between $10,500 and $11,000 paid into the county treasury annually from the Dow law collections. This amount is distributed as follows: Two-tenths go to the state, three-tenths to police, three-tenths for general purposes and two-tenths to infirmary fund. The amount going to the police fund pays the entire police hire of Marion.

—Will Johnson, a laborer at the Erie transfer here is laying off today on account of an accident, which befell him Tuesday evening. Will was helping transfer a slab of marble, the marble fell from the track and Johnson tripped, falling and injuring his leg, not seriously, but enough to cause him to take a short lay off.

—All members of Koscinsko Lodge, I. O. O. F., are requested to be present at their hall this evening at 7:30 to make arrangements for funeral of Bro. George Hostetter.

I. A. MERCHANT, N. G.
J. M. BRIGEL, Sec'y.

—H. H. Irey, the well-known Claridon township citizen, has purchased property on Mt. Vernon avenue. It is possible Mr. Irey will remove to this city, but he has not positively decided as yet.

—The office and rooms of the Big Four house are being renovated and repapered, and the woodwork is receiving a fresh coat of paint. Other improvements are to follow.

—All members of Daughters of Rebecca are requested to meet at their hall tomorrow at 1 o'clock to attend funeral of Bro. Geo. Hochstetter. By order of N. G.

—Emery Nebergal is laying off from his duties at the C. H. V. and T. freight house on account of sickness. Harley Hill is at his desk during his absence.

—Joseph Carlini, who has been clerking for Joe Marzetti for the past eight months, left today for New York, where he will make his home.

—O. D. LaGrange will leave next week for San Francisco, where he will remain and make his home.

—A 10-wire switch board is to be placed in the junction telegraph office.

—Miss Vina Williams went to Columbus this afternoon to visit friends.

—The Misses Fahey have returned from a delightful visit [illegible].

—W. L. Warner and wife spent the day in Cleveland.

"Who's Hood's [illegible]?" Thousands of people, who know it to be the best blood purifier and tonic medicine.

SPRING SEWING!

New Embroideries in Nainsook, Cambric and Swiss, many of them being in the fine, dainty patterns so much sought after. We are also showing the desirable things in Hemmed Stitched Embroideries. Torchon Laces in entirely new patterns, all widths with Insertions to match. The Zephyr Ginghams are beautiful this season. They are not expensive, the colors are fast, the variety of patterns and the choice colorings surpass all previous efforts White Goods in checks, stripes, plaids and Plain Hemmed Stitched. Flannelettes, Ginghams, Seersuckers, Prints, Etc., Etc. Ready made Muslin Underwear. We carry a full assortment of the best goods in the market.

Warner & Edwards.

THE K. OF P. BENEFIT.

The Abbie Carrington Company Well Received at Music Hall.

A large audience, representative of Marion's most cultured society, assembled at Music Hall Tuesday evening, in attendance at the Knights of Pythias benefit, in which Mme. Abbie Carrington appeared in the opera Faust and Marguerite.

Mme. Carrington as Margherita, was not a disappointment. She has an excellent voice, charming in the extreme, while her support was all that could have been expected. The audience was not enthusiastic but was apparently highly pleased with the performance.

Marion Lodge Knights of Pythias will net a neat little sum from the entertainment, and in this particular will meet all expectations.

Republican League Meeting at Toledo.

For the league meeting of the Republican clubs held at Toledo, Feb. 10th to 14th, the Buckeye Route will sell round trip tickets at rate of one and one-third fare on the certificate plan.

The "Big Day" being Feb. 12, tickets will be sold at the extremely low rate one fare for the round trip, good going only on Feb. 12th and returning on Feb. 13. For further information address W. H. Fisher, G. P. and T. A., Columbus, O.

A False Report.

Tuesday evening and this morning the report was pretty generally circulated upon the streets that a young daughter of the deceased Daniel Linn, who resides with her mother in East Marion, had attempted to commit suicide. After some trouble in an effort to confirm or deny the report, it was found that it was false in every particular, the only foundation for the rumor being that Miss Linn has been sick, but at present is recovering.

Don't Pay More.

Choice California peaches. -	20c lb.
Loose California raisins. - -	3 lb, 25c
High grade roller process flour every sack guarateed	$1.25-¼ lb.
Werk's Red Oil soap, 6 bars for 25c.	

I. B. CARLISLE,
70t4 115 South Main Street.

Entitled to the Best.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

Matches.

[illegible] Matches. - - - - -	45c.
1200 Matches. - - - - -	65c.

I. B. CARLISLE,
70t1&wk4t 115 South Main Street.

—Dan Reese left today for Ohio City, to make a visit with his parents.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this great discovery at Flecken's drug store, large bottles 50c and $1.

THE TIME Grows Shorter!

The opportunity to buy the best and most desirable Dry Goods at closing out prices is rapidly passing. Lose not a day. Only a comparatively

Few Days

In which our store can remain. We want to sell the goods and will sell them if thoughtful buyers will consult their best interests. All profits are wiped out.

Compare the Prices! Secure the Saving!

There are no specialties. The sacrifice is throughout the stock.

Frash

WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,

—THE LEADING—

Merchant Tailors

ARE NOW SHOWING ALL THE

Novelties and Staples of the Season

—IN—

Fall and Winter Goods!

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

OYSTERS!

The leading Oyster House in Marion is the

ENGLISH KITCHEN

The best brands on hand, fresh, at all times. Sold by can or served to order.

R. HALL, Proprietor.

LUMBER!

—AND—

COAL!

—CHEAP AT—

PRENDERGASTS'.

FREELAND'S

WALL PAPER STORE

Beats them all 25 per cent!

He keeps the Finest Goods!
The Cheapest Goods!
The Largest Stock!

And has a [illegible] of Bargain goods. These new, stylish goods are made to match, and are 25 per cent. cheaper than old goods. 25 per cent. cheaper than the old goods which are being peddled around town.

If you want Wall Paper and Shades and Frames, go to FREELAND'S Wall Paper Store, the most Complete and largest line of Wall Paper in Marion. [illegible] for a trifle. Contracts taken [illegible] Wall Paper put on the walls of [illegible].

Five Doors East of Court House, Marion, Ohio.

GOOD - DRY.

Second-Growth

ASH

STOVEWOOD

—FOR—

$1.50 Per Load!

—AT—

Prendergasts'.

ADVERTISE IN THE STAR,
THE MOST WIDELY
READ PAPER IN COUNTY.